# **Centre for International Relations**



# Draft Syllabus Five Year Integrated Programme in International Relations

Central University of Jharkhand Ranchi-835205

# Revised Draft Curriculum for the Five year Integrated Programme in International Relations

# The courses being offered as follows:

#### **Semester I:** (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- 1. Introduction to International Relations
- 2. Theories of International Relations- I
- 3. Foundation of Politics
- 4. Comparative Politics and Government
- 5. Indian Government and Politics
- 6. Communicative English
- 7. Foreign Language (Korean)

## **Semester II:** (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- 8. Theories of International Relations-II
- 9. Political Thought in International Relations
- 10. World Political History –I
- 11. Introduction to International Political Economy
- 12. Environmental Science <sup>1</sup>

# **Semester III:** (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- 13. Theories of International Relations –III
- 14. World Political History-II
- 15. The United Nations
- 16. Political Thought in International Relations-II
- 17. Human Rights in International Relations

# Semester IV: (Each paper carries 4 credits)

#### **ELECTIVE PAPERS**

- 18. Cold War and International Relations
- 19. Developing Countries in World Politics
- 20. India's Foreign Policy: Challenges and Perspectives
- 21. Political Geography
- 22. Disaster Management

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The paper carries only 3 credits.

## **Semester V:** (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- 23. Gandhi and the Contemporary World
- 24. South Asia in World Politics
- 25. Middle East in World Affairs
- 26. Dynamics of Indian Political System
- 27. Africa in World Affairs
- 28. Current Trends in International Relations
- 29. Indian Foreign Policy

## **Semester VI:** (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- 30. Social Research Method
- 31. Environmental Issues in World Politics
- 32. National Security and International Relations
- 33. Media and International Relations
- 34. Post-Cold War and World Politics

## **Semester VII:** (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- 35. Introduction to International Relations Theory
- 36. Comparative Political Analysis
- 37. Thinkers of International Relations-I
- 38. International Law

# Semester VIII: (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- 39. Problems of International Relations
- 40. Thinkers of International Relations- II
- 41. International Organization
- 42. Indian Foreign Policy: Socio-Cultural and Economic Dimensions
- 43. Political Geography

# **Semester IX:** (Each paper carries 4 credits)

#### **ELECTIVE PAPERS**

- 44. Foreign Policy of the United States since the Second World
- 45. European Union in External Affairs
- 46. Foreign Policy of New Russia
- 47. Middle East in World Affairs
- 48. Conduct of States in the context of International Law
- 49. Peace and Conflict Studies

# **Semester X: (Each paper carries 4 credits)**

Students have to choose two papers with dissertation or four papers without dissertation. For students who are opting for dissertation, research methodology paper will be compulsory.

- 50. Research Methods in International Relations
- 51. International Political Economy
- 52. Globalization and International Relations
- 53. Regionalism in International Relations
- 54. Negotiation, Diplomacy and International Conflict

# **Semester I**

# (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- Introduction to International Relations
- Theories of International Relations- I
- Foundation of Politics
- Comparative Politics and Government
- Indian Government and Politics
- Communicative English
- Foreign Language (Korean)

# Introduction to International Relations

Objective: The paper shall aim to equip the students with the basic tools that shall help them to understand the intricacies of international relations. It shall endeavour to provide a comprehensive background of the international processes in terms of historicity to enable the students to develop a holistic and complete understanding of the discipline.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

The Discipline of International Relations: Definitions and meaning of International Relations, Evolution of the study of International Relations, Nature and Scope of International Relations, Subject matter of the Discipline.

#### **Unit II**

International History since establishment of the Chair and Discipline of International Relations: Introduction, Modern total war, End of empire, Cold War, Conclusion.

Outline of the Theories and Approaches to the Study of International Relations: The liberal approach, Realism, Neo-realism, Pluralism, Marxist approach, World System Theory, The Indian Viewpoint, Communications approach, Decision-Making Theory, Feminism.

#### Unit III

**Basic Concepts:** State as an actor in International Relations, Non-state actors, National Power, Balance of Power, Imperialism and Colonialism, Neocolonialism, Racism.

Concepts and Techniques of Foreign Policy: Definition, Objective, Determinants and Techniques of Foreign Policy, Diplomacy: Foreign Policy and Diplomacy, Functions of Diplomacy, Traditional and New Diplomacy, Propaganda: Definition and Methods of Propaganda, Devices of gaining response and methods of gaining acceptance.

- Baylis, J, Steve S. and Patricia O. (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
- Brown, C. (2011), *Understanding International Relations*, Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire and London: MacMillan Press Ltd.
- Callaghan, Terry O. and Martin G. (2007), *Key Concepts in International Relations*, London and New York: Routledge, Taylor and Francis Group.
- Chatterjee, A. (2010), International Relations Today: Concepts and Applications, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- Ghosh, P. (2011), *International Relations*, New Delhi: PHI Learning Limited.
- Goldstein J. S. and Jon C. P. (2011), *International Relations*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Howard C. P. and Palmer N. D. (2010), *International Relations (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)*, New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- Sorensen, G. and Robert J. (2010), *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*, USA: Oxford University Press.
- Wilkinson, P. (2007), *International Relations: A Very Short Introduction*, USA: Oxford University Press.
- Nicholson, M. (2002), *International Relations: A Concise Introduction*, New York: Palgrave.
- ♣ Keohane and Nye (1991), 'Transgovernmental Relations and the International Organisation'in Smith, M. and Little, R. (eds.) *Perspectives on World Politics*, New York: Routledge.
- Galtun, J,(1991), 'A Structural Theory of Imperialism' in Smith, M. and Little, R. (eds) *Perspectives on World Politics*, New York: Routledge.
- # Halliday, F.(1994), *Rethinking International Relations*, London: Macmillan.
- ♣ Hobsbawm, E.(1995), Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century,1914-1991. London: Abacus.
- Carr, E.H. (2004), *International Relations between the Two World Wars: 1919-1939*, New York: Palgrave.
- Taylor, A.J.P.(1961), *The Origins of the Second World War*, Harmondsworth: Penguin.
- # Heywood, A. (2013), Global Politics, New York: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Hollis M. an Steve Smith (1991), *Explaining and Understanding International Relations*, USA:Oxford University Press.
- Waltz, K. (1979), *Theory of International Politics*, London: Addison-Wesley Publishing.
- Wendt, A.(1999), *Social Theory of International Politics*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

# Theories of International Relations-1

**Course Objective**: This course enables students to understand international relations theoretically. Students will be exposed to various approaches and tools to study international relations.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

What is International Relation?

Evolution of International Relations as an Academic Discipline

International Relations and Social Science Levels of Analysis: Three Images by Waltz

#### **Unit II**

Dominant Theories of International Relations

Realism and Neo Realism Key Elements of Realism

Classical Realism

International Relations in Ancient Greece, Study of Peloponnesian War: Causes and

Theory- Thucydides,

#### **Unit III**

Theory of Survival in International Relations-Machiavelli

State of Nature, State of war and insecurity-

Hobbes

Political realism- Politics as an autonomous sphere; Political Morality- Morgenthau;

Neo-Realism

Neo Realist Stability Theory

Critics of Realism

- ♣ Baldwin, David A. (ed.) (1993). Neorealism and Neoliberalism: the contemporary debate (NY: Colymbia University Press, 1993)
- ♣ Baylis, J, Steve S. and Patricia O. (2011), The Globalization of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations, New York: Oxford University Press.
- Boesche R.( January 2003). 'Kautilya's Arthasastra on War and Diplomacy in Ancient India', *The Journal of Military History*, Volume 67, Number 1, , pp. 9-37
- ♣ Bull, H. (1977), The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics, United States: Columbia University Press.
- Carr E. H. (2001), *The Twenty Years' Crisis*, 1919-1939, New York: Perennial.
- Doyle M. (1986). 'Liberalism and World Politics', *American Political Science Review*, 80 (4), pp. 1151-69
- ♦ Howard C. P. and Palmer N. D. (2010), *International Relations (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)*, New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- ♣ Jack Snyder, "One World, Rival Theories," *Foreign Policy* (November/December 2004), pp. 53 62.
- \$\ \text{Jackson, R. and G. Sorensen (2007), Introduction to International Relations, (Oxford:

- Oxford University Press). Ch 1 'Why Study IR'
- ♣ Kenneth W. (1989). 'The Anarchic Structure of World Politics,' in Art and Jervis, International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues, New York: Pearson Longman, pp. 29-49.
- # Machiavelli, N. (1961), *The Prince*, London: Penguin.
- Milner, H. (1991), The Assumption of Anarchy in International Relations Theory: A Critique, *Review of International Studies*, 17, 67-85
- Morgenthau, H. (1948), *Politics among Nations*, New York: McGraw Hill.
- Schroeder, P. (1994), Historical Reality vs. Neo Realist Theory, *International Security*, 19 (1), 108-148.
- Smith S (2010), Introduction: Diversity and Disciplinarity in International Relations Theory ed. in Dunne T Kurki M and Others, *International Relations Theories:* Discipline and Diversity, (New York: Oxford).
- \$\Pi\\$ Smith, S. and Baylis, J. (2007) 'Introduction' in Baylis J. Smith S. And Owens P., *The Globalisation of World Politics*, (New York: Oxford).
- Thomas H., (year missing), *Leviathan*, (Chapter XIII of the Natural Condition of Mankind as Concerning Their Felicity and Misery).
- Thucydides (1972), History of the Peloponnesian War, London: Penguin Books Ltd.
- Waltz, K. N. (2001), *Man, the State and War: A Theoretical Analysis*, New York: Columbia University Press.
- Waltz, K. N.(1979), Theory of International Politics, New York: McGraw Hill.
- Wight, M. (1960), "Why there is no International Relations Theory", *International Relations*, 2: 35-48.

# Foundation of Politics

**Course objective:** This course is intended to introduce basic concepts and theories in politics. Objective of the course is to develop critical understanding of the student with respect to contested political concepts which is useful in studying national and international politics. The course covers debates over the various issues of politics with special focus on right, justice, liberty and equality. **Course Content** 

#### Unit I

#### **Introduction:**

- Concepts and Theories in Politics
- Perspectives on Modern State
- Sovereignty, the Nation and Global Politics

#### Unit II

## **Power and Legitimacy:**

- Legitimation Problem and Crisis of Tendency
- Rights, Obligations and Citizenship

#### **Unit III**

#### **Democracy:**

- Models of Democracy
- Freedom, Toleration and Liberation
- Equality, Social Justice and Welfare

- Bhargava R. (2008). 'What is Political Theory', in Bhargava R and Acharya A. (eds.), *Political Theory: An Introduction,* (New Delhi: Pearson Longman), pp. 2-16.
- # Heywood A. (2004). 'Political Theory', (New York: Palgrave Macmillan), pp. 1-14
- David. H. (1984). 'Introduction', in David Held, *Political Theory and the Modern State*, (Milton Keynes: Open University Press), pp. 1-11.
- David H. (1989). Political Theory and the Modern State, (New Delhi: Polity), Ch. 8
- Heywood A. (2004). 'Political Theory', (New York: Palgrave Macmillan), pp. 89-120
- Bellamy R. (2008). 'What is Citizenship, and Why Does it Matter?', in Bellamy R., Citizenship: A Very Short Introduction, (Oxford: Oxford University Press), pp. 1-16
- Laski H.J. (1939). An Introduction to Politics, (London: Unwin Brother), pp. 15-32
- **♦** John F. and Paul G. (2006). Introduction to Political Theory, (New Delhi: Pearson), pp. 17-37
- Rawls J. (1999). A Theory of Justice, (Oxford: Oxford University Press), Chapters 1-4.

# Comparative Government and Politics

**Course Objective**: The very objective of this course is to introduce students with the basic conceptualities of politics and the methodological tools for the study of political phenomena and also the various forms of government prevalent in different parts of the world.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Comparative Politics: Meaning, Nature & Scope

Concept of State: Elements, State and Society, State and Government

Approaches to the Study of Politics: Traditional Approaches,

#### Unit II

Contemporary Approaches- Behavioural Approach; Post-Behavioural Revolution Models of Political Analysis- System Analysis; Structural Analysis; Communication Theory

#### Unit III

Forms of Government:

Presidential: Main features, Legislative and executive procedures.

Parliamentary: Evolution, Main features, legislative and executive procedure.

Federal: Nature of Political Contrive, Division of Powers, Main features.

Unitary: Characteristics, Merits & demerits.

Democratic: Forms & Characteristics.

Authoritarian: Forms & Characteristics.

(with special reference to India, U.S.A, U.K, China & Saudi Arabia)

- Johari, J.C. (2009), *Comparative Politics*, Sterling Publication, New Delhi.
- Johari J.C. (2011), New Comparative Government, Lotus Press, New Delhi.
- **\$\rightarrow\$** Chilcote R. H. (1994), *Theories Of Comparative Politics* Westview Press.
- Wiarda H. J. (2007), *Comparative Politics: Approaches and Issues*, Rowman & Littlefeild Publishers, Lanham.
- Weber M. (1995), *Theory of Social & economic Organization*, New York; Free Press.
- Roy Arvind K, (2011), Comparative Politics and Political Government, Mahaveer & Sons
- Hague Harrop martin, Rod. (2004), *Comparative Government and Politics*, Palgrave Macmillan

# **Indian Government and Politics**

Course Objective: This course shall enable students to learn about the historical background and the constitutional design of state structures and institutions with special emphasis on Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy. This course endeavors to enrich the understanding of the students about the Indian polity and the important issues and themes that it grapples with in contemporary times.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I

# Historical Background of Indian Constitution -

- The Philosophy of the Indian Constitution
- Preamble- Republic, Democratic, Sovereign, Justice, Liberty, Equality, fraternity, Unity and Integrity of Nation
- Basic Features

# Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and DPSP-

- Philosophical Background, Sources
- Provisions in Indian Constitution, Constitutional Remedies for enforcement of Fundamental Rights.
- Fundamental Duties: Objective, Provision
- Directive Principles of State Policy: Philosophy, Sources, Ideational Background and its Implications

#### **Unit-II**

## Legislature, Executive and Judiciary-

- Introduction
- Relation between Legislature and Executive
- Judiciary in India: An introduction

#### **Unit-III**

#### **Dynamics of Indian Political System-**

- Party System in India
- Role of Pressure Group in Indian Politics
- Secularism and Communalism in Indian Politics
- Challenges to the Indian Political System

- Basu, D. D. (2010), *Introduction to the Indian Constitution*, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa Publishing House, Nagpur.
- Narang, A.S. (2010), *Indian Government and Politics*, Geetanjali Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Kaviraj, S. (2009), *Indian Political System*, Oxford University Press.
- Chandok, N. (2011), Contemporary India, Pearson India, New Delhi.
- Kashyap, S. (2008), Our Constitution, National Book Trust, New Delhi.
- Kashyap, S. (2008), Our Parliament, National Book Trust, New Delhi.
- Bakshi, P. M. (2011), Constitution of India, Universal Law Publisher, Allahabad.
- Ghosh, P. (2012), *Indian Government and Politics*, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi.
- Prasad, Mahendra Singh (2012), *The Indian Political System*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, New Delhi.
- Abbas, Hoveyda, Ranjay Kumar, Mohammed Aftab Alam (2012), *Indian Government and Politics*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, New Delhi.

# Communicative English

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Parts of Speech: Articles, Auxiliary, Verb, Prepositions

#### **Unit II**

Phrase, Clause, Sentence, Tense, Voice, Narration and Functional Elements in the Sentence

#### **Unit III**

Paragraph writing, Summary writing, Paraphrasing, Précis Writing, Letter Writing, Resume, C.V, Job Application, Report Writing, Note taking, Dictation

#### **Unit IV**

Reading Comprehension (from the subject area)

#### Unit V

Functional use of Language, Situational use of language, Academic use of language

#### **Unit VI**

Listening and Speaking, Conversation, language laboratory

- Quirk R, S Leech and Svatik J.A (1973), *University Grammar of English*, London, Longman.
- Quirk R, (1962), *The Use of English*, London, Longman.
- # Krishna M. and Banerjee M. (1990), Developing Communicative Skills, Madras, McMillan.
- Liz and John S. (2003), New Headway Upper Intermediate Students Book, OUP.

# **Semester II**

# (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- Theories of International Relations-II
- Political Thought in International Relations
- World Political History –I
- Introduction to International Political Economy
- Environmental Science (3 credits only)

Semester II Credits - 04

Theories of International Relations-II

**Objective:** This course is extension of the Theory of international Relations-I which aims to further enrich the theoretical knowledge of the student on this line. Students will be exposed to various theoretical traditions in international relations and its tools to study.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

# **Contending Theories of International Relations**

Liberalism: origin of the idea, core ideas in liberal thinking on International relations

Emanuel Kant's perpetual peace, Michael Doyle's democratic peace theory, Liberalism and globalisation, the end of history,

Neo Liberalism: introduction, core assumptions of neo liberalism, Relative and absolute gains, types of neo liberalism: Commercial liberalism, republican liberalism, sociological liberalism, liberal institutionalism or neo-liberal institutionalism

Neo realist and neo liberal debate

#### Unit II

Marxism and Critical theory of International Relations

Introduction,

Essential element of the Marxist theory of IR (materialistic conception of History, base super structure model, Relations of production and means of production)

Justinberg and Theory of IR.

#### Unit III

#### **Social Constructivism**

Introduction: The Social construction of reality, Main tenets of Constructivism, constructivism and rationalism, Alexander Wendt on three cultures of anarchy, constructivism and global change.

#### **Text and Reference Books**

- Baylis, John, Steve Smith and Patricia Owens (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
- Doyle W. Michael (1986), Liberalism and World Politics, The American Political Science Review, Vol. 80, No. 4 (Dec., 1986), pp. 1151-1169
- \$\ Keohane Robert, Nye Joseph Foreign Affairs Vol. 77, No. 5 (Sep. Oct., 1998), pp. 81-94
- Robert O. Keohane, ed., Neorealism and Its Critics. New York: Columbia University Press, 1986. 378 pp.
- \* Cox, R and Sinclair, T (1996), Approaches to World Order (Cambridge: Cambridge university press)
- Kellner, D. (1989), Critical Theory, Marxism and Modernity (Baltimore, MD: Johns Hopkins University Press)
- Rosenberg, J. (1994), Empire of Civil Society (London: Verso)
- # Wallerstein, I. (2004), World System Analysis, Durham: Duke University Press
- **\Psi** Wendt, A. (1999), Social Theory of International Politics
- \* Katzenstein, P. (1996), *The Culture of National Security: Norms and Identity in World Politics*, New York: Columbia University Press.

Semester II Credits - 04

Political Thought in International Relations-I

**Course Objective**: The paper is about the introduction of the traditions of the Political thought in context of the International polity and relations. The very purpose of the course is to make student acquaint about the methods, approaches and context of different concepts and notions of traditions of the political philosophy.

#### Course Content

#### Unit I

#### **Introduction:**

**Aristotle:** Teleological Approach, organic conception of state, theory of distributive justice, theory of revolution, Justification of Slavery, Hellenism in Aristotle.

**Medieval Political thought:** Church and State Controversy

The Conciliar movement: Causes & Failure

Medieval contribution to Political thought: Problem of Political Obligation, Conception of the State, Federalism of Medievalism, doctrine of popular sovereignty

#### Unit II

# Psychological foundation Of Political Philosophy

**Thomas Hobbes:** the social contract, absolute sovereignty and individualism

**Nicollo Machiavelli:** methods, treatment of human nature, separation and subordination of religion and morality to politics, theory of extension and preservation of dominion.

**Antonio Gramsci:** Notion of Hegemony and cultural quest, critique of capitalism

#### Unit III

#### Marxist tradition:

**Karl Marx:** the age of Marx, Dialectical materialism, Economic determinism of Marx, Notion of Class warfare, The inevitability of a social revolution, the dictatorship of proletariat, Classless society and withering away of the state

**Nikolai Lenin:** methods of Lenin, As a tradeunionist, socialist ideology, emphasis on the role of communist party, Imperialism as the highest stage of capitalism, supplementation and extension of Marxism.

**Mao Tse-tung:** Mao on Class struggle, Concept of New democracy, Indoctrination and Cultural revolution, Idea on war, Methods of leadership.

- Held, David (1995), Cosmopolitan Democracy: An agenda for a New World Order, Polity Press, London.
- ♣ Barry Norman (1991), Libertarianism in Philosophy and Politics, Cambridge University Press, New York
- Cohen, G.A. (1988), Karl Marx's theory of History: A Defence, Princeton University press,
- Jacob Lesley (1996), An introduction to modern political philosophy: The Democratic vision of Politics, Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ
- **\$** Kymlicka Will,(2002), Contemporary Political Philosophy, Oxford University Press

- Pantham, Thomas(1986), Political Thought in Modern India, Sage Publication, New Delhi
- # Mukherjee Subarat (2009), A History of Political Thought, Phil learning, New Delhi

**Course Objective**: The course aims to provide the basic understanding about the dynamism of the evolution of world polity in its totality. The paper focuses on the political significance of the historical events in the evolution of the contemporary world.

#### **Course Content**

## <u>Unit-I</u>

#### **Ancient Greek**

- City-state
- State, law and order
- Democracy and culture
- Hellenistic period: 323-146 BC

#### Unit-II

## **Political History of Ancient India**

- Indus Valley Civilization and other Contemporary Civilisations
- Interrelationship among Mahajanpads
- Mauryan Empire: Notion of Nation-State, Dhamma and its Impact on World Politics
- Post-Mauryan Period: Silk Route
- Impact of Central Asian Intervention on India

• Gupta Empire and its linkage with South-East Asian Countries, and China

#### **Unit-III**

#### **European Middle Ages**

- Rise of Islamic Empire
- Feudalism and Papal Authority
- Intellectual Progress during the Middle Ages
- Renaissance
- Reformation

- J. William Duker and J. Jakson Spielvogl (2011, 2007, 2005), *The Essential of World History*, Wadsworth, Cengage Learning.
- Mahmood Shama (2012), *An Introduction to the History of the World*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, New Delhi.
- McKay, John P., Bennett D. Hill, and John Buckler (1996), A History of World Societies. Boston: Houghton Mifflin.
- A. Reid (1989), Southeast Asia in the Age of Commerce 1450—1680, New Haven, Conn.
- C. M. Cipolla, (1965), Guns, Sails, and Empires: Technological Innovation and the Early Phases of European Expansion 1400—1700, New York.
- L. Basham, (1961), The Wonder That Was India, London.
- R. Thapar, (2002), Early India: From the Origins to AD 1300, London.
- S. L. Huntington, (1985), The Art of Ancient India: Buddhist, Hindu, Jain, New York.
- P. Williams (with A. Tribe) (2000), Buddhist Thought: A Complete Introduction to the Indian Tradition, London,
- J. Strong, (2004), *The Buddha: A Short Biography*, Oxford University Press, United Kingdom.
- H. Akira, (1990), A History of Indian Buddhism: From Sakyamuni to Early Mahayana, Honolulu.

# Introduction to International Political Economy

Objective: This course aims at introducing to the students the nuances of the economic factor in the inter-play of international forces which goes on to determine the global agenda. The paper shall strive to enrich their understanding about economic issues that play a vital role in international politics.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Theoretical Background: Introduction: What is International Political Economy?, Mercantilism, Economic Liberalism, Marxism, Recent Theoretical Developments in International Political Economy

#### Unit II

International Trade: The rise and decline of International Trade, Basis and nature of international trade, Tariff, trade and payments agreements, International Cartels, Inter-governmental commodity agreements, dumping, pre-emptive buying, control of enemy assets, loans and grants, barter agreements, exchange controls, quotas and licenses, subsidies, blacklists, valorization, embargoes and boycotts.

#### **Unit III**

Contemporary Debates: The relationship between politics and economics: The Debate on US Hegemonic Stability, The economic tailspin in the Third World, Economic globalisation and the changing role of states

- Balaam, David N. And Michael Veseth (2001), *Introduction to International Political Economy*, New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Baylis, J. Steve S. and Particia O. (2011), The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations, New York: Oxford University Press.
- Carlsnaes, Walter, Risse Thomas and Beth A. Simmons (2006), *Handbook of International Relations*, London, Thousand Oaks, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Chatterjee, A. (2010), International Relations Today: Concepts and Applications,

- Pearson.
- Crane, George and Abla Amawi (1997), *The Theoretical Evolution of International Political Economy*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- # Dickens, P.(2007), Global Shift, London: Stage.
- Goldstein, Joshua S. and Jon C. Pevehouse (2011), *International Relations*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Hoekman, B. and M. Kostecki (2008), *The Political Economy of the World Trading System*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- \* Krasner, S. (1985), Structural Conflict: The Third World against Global Liberalism, Berkley, University of Calfornia Press.
- O'Brian, Robert and M. William (2007), *Global Political Economy*, Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Palmer, Noman D. And Howard C. Perkins (2001), *International Relations*, USA: Houghton Mifflin Company.
- Ranvinhill, J. (2008), Global Political Economy, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Robert, G.(1987), *The Political Economy of International Relations*, Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Sorensen, G. and Robert Jackson (2010), *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*, USA: Oxford University Press
- Wilkinson, Paul (2007), *International Relations: A Very Short Introduction*, USA: Oxford University Press.

# **Environmental Sciences**

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

# The multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

Definition, scope and importance, Need for public awareness

#### **Natural Resources**

- a) Renewable and non-renewable resources: Forest resources, Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their efforts on forests and tribal people
- b) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, damsbenefitsand problems
- c) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources', case studies
- d) Food resources: World foods problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer —pesticide problems, Water logging, salinity, case studies
- e) Energy resources: growing energy needs, renewable and renewable energy resources, use of alternate energy sources
- f) Land resources: land as are source, land degradation, man induced landslides, desertification. Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources. Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

## **Ecosystems- Concept of an ecosystem**

#### **Environmental Pollution:**

Definition: causes, effects and control measures of — Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, Nuclear hazards, Solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial water, role of an individual in prevention of pollution, pollution case studies, Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

#### Social Issues and the Environment

From unsustainable to sustainable development, Urban problems related to energy, Water conservation. rain harvesting. watershed management, Resettlement and rehabilitation of people, its problems and concerns Case studies, Environmental ethics, Issues and possible solutions, Wasteland reclamation, Consumerism and waste products, Environmental protection Act- Air(presentation and control of pollution) Act, Water(prevention and control of pollution) Act, Wildlife Protection Act, Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation, Public awareness.

#### **Human Pollution and the Environment:**

Population growth, variation among nations, population explosion-family welfare program, Environment and human health, Human rights, Value Education ,HIV/AIDS, Women and Child Welfare, Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health, case studies.

#### Field Work:

1. Visit to a local area to document environment assets-river/forest/grassland/hill/mountain,

Structure and function of an ecosystem, Producers, consumers and decomposers, Energy flow of the ecosystem, Ecological succession, Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids, Introduction, types, characteristics features, structure and function of the following ecosystem, Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems [ponds Streams, lakes, rivers, estuaries]

## Biodiversity and its conservation

Introduction, Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity, Biogeographically classification of India, Value of biodiversity, consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values, India as a mega-diversity nation, Hot-spots of biodiversity, Threats to biodiversity, habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts, Endangered and endemic species of

India, Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity

- 2. Visit to a local polluted site-urban/rural/industrial/agricultural,
- 3. Study of common plants, insects, birds,
- 4. study of simple ecosystems- pond, river, hill slopes etc.

# **Semester III**

# (Each paper carries 4 credits each)

- Theories of International Relations –III
- World Political History-II
- The United Nations
- Political Thought in International Relations-II
- Human Rights in International Relations

Semester - III Credits - 04

Theories of International Relations-III

**Course Objective:** This course is extension of the Theory of international Relations-II which aims to further enrich the theoretical knowledge of the student on this line. Students will be exposed to various theoretical traditions in international relations and its tools to study.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

**International Society Approache:** English School in International Relations

**Feminism:** Introduction, Gender in International Relations, Typology of International Relations feminist theories gender security and global politics

#### Unit II

**Post Modernism:** Introduction, deconstruction of Knowledge, power-knowledge relationship, Foucault's notion of genealogy

**Post Colonialism:** International morality and ethics, post colonialism and knowledge, a post-colonial critic of Western tradition, orientalism and identities

#### **Unit III**

Green Theory of IR: Introduction, the emergence of green theory, the greening of IR theory, Limits of Growth, rationalist account and green alternatives

Non Western/Indian Writings on IR

- **♦** Bajpai, K. and Siddharth M. (eds.).(2005), *International Relations In India: Bringing Theory Back Home*, (New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2005),
- ♦ Baylis, John, Steve Smith and Patricia Owens (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
- **\$\rightarrow\$** Buzan B. and Acharya A. (2007). 'Conclusion: on the possibility of a non-Western IR
- Chowdry, G and Nair, S. (2002) (eds), Power, Post Colonialism and International Relations; Reading Race, Gender and Class (London and New York: routledge, Advances in International Relations and Global Politics)
- Darby, P. (2000), At the Age of International Relations: Post colonialism, Gender and Dependency, Cambridge: Continuum International Publishing Group.
- Devetak R., 'Postmodernism', in Burchil S, Andrew L. and others (eds.), (2005). *Theories of International Relations*, (New York: Palgrave Macmillan) Ch7
- Dunne T. (2010). 'The English School', in Tim D. Milja K and Others (eds.). *International Relations Theories: Discipline and Diversity*, (New York: Oxford), Ch7.
- ♣ Eckersley R. (2010) 'Green Theory', in Tim D. Milja K and Others (eds.). *International Relations Theories: Discipline and Diversity*, (New York: Oxford), Ch13.
- # Eivind Hovden and Edward Keene (eds.), Globalization of Liberalism (London:
- ♣ Escobar A. (1984). 'Discourse and Power in Development: Michel Foucault and the Relevance of His Work to the Third World', *Alternatives* 10: 377-400.
- Grovogui N.S. (2010) 'Postcolonialism', in Tim D. Milja K and Others (eds.). *International Relations Theories: Discipline and Diversity*, (New York: Oxford), Ch12.
- ♣ Jackson R. and G. Sorensen (2007), *Introduction to International Relations*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press). Ch 'International Society'

- ♣ Jackson R. and G. Sorensen (2007), *Introduction to International Relations*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press). Ch 11 'Key Issues in Contemporary IR', Ch11
- Jackson R. and G. Sorensen (2007). *Introduction to International Relations*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press). Ch 11 'Methodological Debate'.
- Ramakrishnan A.K. "Neoliberalism, Globalization and Resistance: The Case of India" in
- Theory in Asia', *International Relations of the Asia-Pacific*, 7 (3). pp. 427-438.
- Tickner J. A. and Laura S., 'Feminism', in Tim D. Milja K and Others (eds.). *International Relations Theories: Discipline and Diversity*, (New York: Oxford), Ch10.
- Tickner, J. A. (2001), Gendering World Politics, New York: Columbia University Press.
- Tickner. "A Critique of Morgenthau's Principles of Political Realism," in Art and Jervis, International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues, (New York: Pearson Longman), pp. 15-29
- Walker, R. J. B. (1993), Inside/Outside: International Relations as Political Theory

Course Objective: This course introduces students to some of the most important events of early and late modern period. It provides a fairly comprehensive overview of the major political developments and events starting from the twentieth century. Students are expected to learn about the key milestones in world history and equip them with the tools to understand and analyze the same from different perspectives.

#### **Course Content**

#### **Unit-I**

## Early Modern Period: Age of Revolution

- Enlightenment and Modern Ideas
- Treaty of Westphalia (1648)
- Glorious Revolution (1688)
- American Revolution (1775)
- French Revolution (1789)

#### <u>Unit-II</u>

# Industrial Revolution: Impact

- English Industrial Revolution: Impact on Society
- Industrialization in other countries: USA, Russia, Japan

## **Unit-III**

#### Late Modern Period

- Rise of Nationalism
- Nation-State System
- Ideological Rivalry: Capitalism vs. Socialism
- The Russian Revolution
- World war I
- Fascist Counter-Revolution
- World War II
- Rise of Asia and Africa

- Wiesner, Merry E. Hanks (2006), *Early Modern Europe*, *1450-1989*. Cambridge University Press.
- Cole, Joshua, Judith Coffin and, Robert Stacey (7th Edition), Western Civilization: Their History and Their Culture, W. W. Norton and Company, London.
- Hobsbawm, E. (1995), Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century 1914—1991.
   Little Brown Book Group, London, United Kingdom.

- Hobsbawm, E. (1995), *Age of Revolution*, Little Brown Book Group, London, United Kingdom.
- Carr, E.H. (2004), *International Relations between the Two World Wars: 1919-1939*, Palgrave Publication, New York.
- Taylor, A.J.P. (1961), *The Origins of the Second World War*. Harmondsworth: Penguin, New Delhi.
- Carrtuthers, S.L. (2005), International History, 1900-1945,
- Baylis, J. and Smith, S. (eds.) (2008), *The Globalization of World Politics. An Introduction to International Relations*. 4th edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

The United Nations

Objective: This course aims at tracing the course of the evolving structure, function and role of the United Nations. It shall throw light upon the various missions and operations which the United Nations has undertaken in various parts of the world. It shall also aim at assessing the achievements and failures and possible reforms of the world organization.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Introduction: International Organizations and theories of International Relations, Tracing the historicity of the United Nations, Concert of Europe, League of Nations, wartime conferences, UN during the Cold War and post Cold War period

**The UN Charter:** Principals and objectives of the UN, Meaning, relevance and implications of the provisions of the Charter, amendments to the Charter

**UN Bodies:** Structures and Functions of the organs of the UN and specialized agencies, programmes and funds

#### **Unit II**

The UN's role towards maintaining international peace and security: concept of collective security, Chapter VI and VII of the UN Charter, Disarmament and non-proliferation

Peace Keeping, Peace Making and Peace Building: UN operations for ensuring peace in Congo, Cyprus, Lebanon, Somalia, Sierra Leone and Liberia

#### **Unit III**

**Issues concerning UN:** The role of the civil society, ensuring human rights, women empowerment, global health, economic equality and climate change

**Assessment of the United Nations:** Its efficacy and shortcomings, scope for reform of the UN

- Achcar, G. (2003) The clash of barbarisms: Sept. 11 and the making of the new world disorder. Kolkata: K.P. Bachi & Co., pp. 76-81.
- Baxi, U. (1986), 'Crimes against the right to development', in Saxena, J.N. et.al. *United Nations for a better world*. New Delhi: Lancers, pp.240-248.
- Gareis, S.B. and Varwick, J. (2005), *The United Nations: An introduction*. Basingstoke: Palgrave, pp. 15-21.
- Goldstein, J. and Pevehouse, J.C. (2006), *International relations*. 6th edn. New Delhi:

- Pearson, pp. 265-282.
- ♣ Kaldor, M. and Vashee, B. (eds.) (1997), *New wars*. London: Wider Publications for the UN University, pp. 137-144 and 153-171.
- Moore, J.A. Jr. and Pubantz, J. (2008), *The new United Nations*. Delhi: Pearson Education, pp. 119-135.
- Nambiar, S. (1995), 'UN peace-keeping operations', in Kumar, S. (eds.) *The United Nations at fifty*. New Delhi, UBS, pp. 77-94.
- Sangal, P.S. (1986), 'UN, peace, disarmament and development', in Saxena, J.N. et.al. *United Nations for a better world*. New Delhi: Lancers, pp.109-114.
- Taylor, P. and Groom, A.J.R. (eds.) (2000) *The United Nations at the millennium*. London: Continuum, pp. 1-20.
- Thakur, R.(eds.) (1998), *Past imperfect, future uncertain: The UN at Fifty*, London: Macmillan.
- Whittaker, D.J.(1997), *United Nations in the Contemporary World*, London: Routledge.
- Robert, A. And B. Kingsbury (eds). (1994), *United Nations, Divided World*, Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- Rajan M.S., Mani, V.S. and C.S.R. Murthy (eds.) (1987), *The Non-aligned and the United Nations*, New Delhi: South Asian Publishers.
- Simma, B.(eds.) (2002), *The Charter of the United Nations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
- ♣ Durch, W.(eds.) (1993), The Evolution of UN Peacekeeping: A Case Study and Comparative Analysis.

**Course Objective**: The paper is about the introduction of the traditions of the Political thought in context of the International polity and relations. The very purpose of the course is to make student acquaint about the methods, approaches and context of different concepts and notions of traditions of the political philosophy.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

#### **Idealist tradition:**

**Immanuel Kant:** Nature of Idealist Thoughts, Ethical Political Philosophy, conception of state, rights and freedom, Views on International Peace

**G.W.F Hegel:** dialectical methodology, theory of state, conception of state, freedom,

#### Notion of History, Ideas on War.

**T.H.Green:** background of his philosophy, conception of Human Consciousness, Conception of Rights, Theory of State, Views on War, Internationalism of Green.

**Bernard Bosanquet:** Theory of state, State Action and Private and Public Acts, Best form of government and right to resistance, Bosanquet on war and internationalism.

#### Unit II

#### **Utilitarianism in Political philosophy**

**Jeremy Bentham:** moral philosophy of Bentham, Political philosophy of Bentham, as a reformer, contribution to political theory

**J. S. Mill:** Utilitarianism in the Mill's work, As a champion of Women's rights, idea of liberty and representative government, economic view of Mill.

#### **Unit III**

#### **Indian tradition**

**Kautilya:** Arthasastra, meaning and value of Artha, instruments of state policy, nature and function of the state, Saptang theory.

Mahatma Gandhi: Life and career, Source of his political thought, concept of Satyagraha, doctrine of non-violence, Idea of common ownership-Trusteeship, Religion and Peace, nature of the state and its sphere of activity, world as a Ideal society.

**M.N. Roy:** As a pioneer of Indian Marxist tradition, concept of new humanism and radical democracy, As a critique of Gandhism and Marxist philosophy.

- Brown, Chris (2011), *Understanding International Relations*, Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire and London: MacMillan Press Ltd.
- Callaghan, Terry O. and Martin Griffiths (2007), *Key Concepts in International Relations*, London and New York: Routledge, Taylor and Francis Group.
- Carlsnaes, Walter, Risse Thomas and Beth A. Simmons (2006), *Handbook of International Relations*, London, Thousand Oaks, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Chatterjee, Aneek (2010), *International Relations Today: Concepts and Applications*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- Ghosh, P (2011), *International Relations*, New Delhi: PHI Learning Limited.

- ♦ Goldstein, Joshua S. and Jon C. Pevehouse (2011), *International Relations*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Perkins, Palmer (2010), *International Relations (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)*, New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- Sorensen, Georg and Robert Jackson (2010), *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*, USA: Oxford University Press.
- Wilkinson, Paul (2007), *International Relations: A Very Short Introduction*, USA: Oxford University Press.

Human Rights in International Relations

**Course Objective**: The paper is about the introduction of the rights that human beings have by virtue of being human. The purpose of the course is to introduce the students about the theoretical and practical paradigm of human rights in different part of the world. The concept is being introduced with the regional and developmental variations.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Foundational Aspects: Meaning and Concept of Human Rights

Evolution of the concept of Human rights

Journey from Magna Carta to Universal Declaration of Human Rights

International Bill of Rights- Significance of Universal Declaration of Human Rights, International covenant on Civil and Political Rights

#### **Unit II**

International Concern for Human Rights

Emergence of International Humanitarian law, U.N Charter's provision

The role of Security Council and other International Organizations (Amnesty and Red Cross)

International sanctions against the violation of Human Rights

Humanitarian Intervention versus State sovereignty

#### Unit III

International Action for the protection of Human Rights

International Convention on Elimination of all forms of Racial Discrimination

Declaration on the elimination of all form of intolerance and discrimination based on religion and beliefs

International concern regarding self-rule and right of self-determination

Rights of disadvantaged group: Human rights of Schedule Caste, Schedule Tribes and Minorities, Mechanism for the protection of the rights of the disadvantaged groups

- G. Alfredsson, et.al., (eds.) (1992), *The University Declaration of Human Rights*, A Commentary, Oslo, Scandinavian University Press.
- A. A. An-Na'im (ed.) (1991), *Human Rights in Cross-Cultural Perspectives*, Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press.
- D. Beetham (ed.) (1995), *Politics and Human Rights*, Oxford, Blackwell.
- . Brownlie (ed.) (1992), Basic Documents on Human Rights, Oxford, The Clarendon Press.
- T. Buergenthal (1995), *International Human Rights in a Nutshell*, St. Paul Minnesota, West Publishing Company.
- . M. M. J. Chan (1991), *The Rights to a Nationality as a Human Rights*, HRLJ, Volume 12.
- I. Claude (1955), *National Minorities an International Problem*, Cambridge Massachusetts, Harvard University Press.
- \$\ S. Davidson (1992), Human Rights, Buckingham and Philadelphia, Open University Press.

- A. Eide and H. Bernt (1992), *Human Rights in Perspective: A Global Assessment*, London, Blackwell, 1992.
- T. Evans (2001), *The Politics of Human Rights: A Global Perspective*, London, Pluto Press.
- T. J. Farer and F. Gaer (1993), *The United Nations and Human Rights: At the End of the Beginning* in A. Roberts and B. Kingburg (eds.), United Nations, Divided World: The UN's Role in International Relations, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
- **4** A. Fouad (1978), *Human Rights and World Order Politics*, Alternatives.
- A. Gewirth (1982), *Human Rights: Essays on Justification and Applications*, Chicago and London, University of Chicago Press.
- ‡ ICJ (1981), Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights: ECOSOC Working Group, ICJ Review, Number 27.
- M. Ignatieff (2001), *Human Rights as Politics and Idolatory*, Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press.
- F. G. Jacobs, and R. C. A. White (1986), *The European Convention on Human Rights*, Oxford, The Clarendon Press.
- 4 A. I. Melden (ed.) (1970), Human Rights, Belmont California, Wadsworth.
- \* K. P. Saksena (ed.) (1999), Human Rights: Fifty Years of India's Independence, Delhi, Gyan Publication.

# **Semester IV**

# (Each paper carries 4 credits each)

- Cold War and International Relations
- Developing Countries in World Politics
- India's Foreign Policy: Challenges and Perspectives
- Political Geography
- Disaster Management (Course offered by Centre for Land Resource and Management)

Semester IV Credits – 04

Cold War and International Relations

Objective: This course aims at making the students appreciate the nuances of the Cold War era. It shall also highlight the linkages of this period with the Second World War. It shall help students understand better the logic behind the posturing of international actors in the contemporary world.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Origins of the Cold War to 1946: Roots before 1941, Second World War, The post-war world, Problems elsewhere.

The Cold War Take Shape, 1947-1951: Truman Doctrine and the Marshall Plan, Soviet responses, Berlin Blockade and NATO, Rising Tensions, Global Confrontation, Korean War.

#### **Unit II**

Brinkmanship, 1951-63: Change and continuity, Stalin's last years, Crisis in the Taiwan Straits, Germany in chaos, Poland and Hungary,1956, Aftermath of the Hungarian Revolution, China and the superpowers, Vietnam and Indochina, Neutrals and new nations, Coexistence.

The Cuban Missile Crisis, 1962: Genesis, Evolution, Crisis, Resolution.

#### **Unit III**

**Detente,** 1963-75: Towards detente, Vietnam War, The thaw, 1968-69, Ostpolitik, Soviet bloc tensions, The China card, Symmetrical needs, not common aims, The Helsinki Accords, Critics of detente.

Renewed Confrontation,1975-85: Detente and domestic politics, Africa and Asia, Western malaise, Invasion of Afghanistan, Poland in crisis, Crisis and confrontation, A changing world.

The end of the Cold War: US pressure, Beginning of the end, New thinking, Agreements,1987-88, Europe Transformed, 1989, The post Cold War world, Germany, trust and history, The end of the Cold War period.

- Baylis, John, Steve Smith and Particia Owens (2011), The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations, New York: Oxford University Press
- Goldstein, Joshua S. and Jon C. Pevehouse (2011), *International Relations*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Palmer, Noman D. And Howard C. Perkins (2001), *International Relations*, USA: Houghton Mifflin Company.
- \$\ \text{Sewell, Mike (2013), The Cold War, United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press.}
- \$\ \text{Stone, Norman (2011), The Atlantic and it Enemies A History of the Cold War,}

- London: Penguin Group, Penguin Books Ltd.
- Thomas, Merrilyn (2009), The Cold War A Beginner's Guide, England, Oxford: Oneworld Publications.
- Woods, A. (2009), Marxism and the U.S.A., Delhi: Aakar Books.
- Hobsbawm, E.(1995), Age of Extreme: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914-1991, London: Abacus.
- Calvocoressi, P.(2001), World Politics: 1945-2000, Harlow: Pearson Education.
- ♦ Hoffman, D. (2010), *The Dead Hand: The Untold Story of the Cold War Arms Race and its Dangerous Legacy*, New York: Knopf Doubleday Publishing Group.
- Simpson, P.(2013), A Brief History of the Spy: Modern Spying from the Cold War to the War on Terror, London: Robinson.
- the Christopher S. and S. Sherry (2000), *Blind Mans Bluff: The Untold Story of the Cold War Submarine Espionage*, New York: Random House.
- Gaddis, J.L.(2005), *The Cold War: A New History*, New York: Penguin Press.
- Walker, M.(1994), *Cold War ant the Making of the Modern World*, UK: Random House.
- **t** Leffler, Melvyn P. (2012), The Cambridge History of the Cold War, United Kingdom: Cambridge University Press.

Semester IV Credits – 04

Course Objective: This course enables students to create in depth knowledge about the colonial past of developing countries. It gives adequate knowledge about the concerning issues of which is common to all the developing countries.

#### **Course Content**

# Unit-I

# **Introduction to the Politics of Developing Countries**

- Defining Development
- Nation Building and the Postcolonial state
- Nature and Role of the Third world
- Third wave of democracy

#### **Unit-II**

#### Issues of concern in Third World

- Poverty and Development
- Democracy and civil-society
- Human Rights and Gender
- Environment and sustainable development

# **Unit-III**

#### **Third World in International Relations**

- North- South Conflict
- Goals of the Third World
- Role and Impact of Third World in International Relations
- Rise of Fourth world

- Malhotra, Vinay Kumar (2006), International Relations, Anmol Publications, New Delhi.
- Nayyar, Deepak (2013), Catch up: Developing Countries in the World Economy, Oxford University Press, United Kingdom.
- Stiglitz, Joseph (2012), Globalization and its Discontents, Penguin India.
- Acemoglu, Daron & James A. Robinson (2013), Why Nations Fail: The Origins of

Power, Prosperity and Poverty, Profile Books, New Delhi.

- Stiglitz, Joseph (2012), *The Price of Inequality*, Penguin India, New Delhi.
- Huntington, Samuel (1971), Political Order in Changing Societies, Yale University Press, London.
- Collier, Paul (2007), *The Bottom Billion*, Oxford University Press, New York.
- Young, C.M. (2004), The end of the post-colonial state in Africa? Reflections on changing African political dynamics, African Affairs.
- Cowen and Shenton (1995), The Invention of Development" in Power of Development,
- Tienhaara, K. (2006), What You Don't Know May Hurt You, Global Environmental Politics.
- Zerbe, N. (2007) "Contesting Privatization" Global Environmental Politics.
- Gupta, A. and R. Falkner (2006), *The Influence of the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety*, Global Environmental Politics.
- Radelet, Steven, *Foreign Aid*, Chapter 14 in Perkins, Radelet, Snodgrass, Gillis, and Roemer, *Economics of Development*, 6<sup>th</sup> edition. New York, Norton.
- Sen, A. (1983), Development: Which way now? The Economic Journal
- Jack Donnelly and Simon Chesterman (2010), *Is Foreign Military Intervention Justified by Widespread Human Rights Abuses?*, in Haas, Hird, and McBratney, pp.175-199.

Semester- IV Credit-04

# Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Perspective

**Course Objective:** The course aims to develop an in-depth understanding of Indian Foreign policy. The course analyses both the historical roots of Non-alignment movement and its present relevance. It also focuses on the Indian approach towards the changing world and contemporary

issues. The significant continuity and changes of Indian Foreign policy is other key elements in the course.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I

#### An Introduction:

- Foreign policy: Definition and Objectives
- Determinants of Indian Foreign Policy: Domestic determinants (History, Geography, Society, Culture, Leadership) and External Determinants(Global, Regional and Bilateral)
- Non- alignment Policy: Origin, development and its relevance after 1990s, Non- alignment 2.0

### **Unit-II**

# **Indian Foreign Policy: Continuity and Change**

- New Economic Reforms
- Nuclear Policy
- Regional integration: SAARC and SAFTA
- Look East policy
- Idealism Vs Greater Realism

#### **Unit-III**

# India's approach: Major Global Issues and challenges

- Terrorism
- Disarmament/ Arms control
- Energy Security
- Environmental issues
- Human Rights

# **Text and Reference Books**

• P. M Kamat (1999), Emerging International Order and Foreign Policy Options for India Indian Academy of Social Sciences.

- Ganguly, Sumit (2013), *India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospects*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Singh, Sudhir Kumar (2012), Post 9/11 Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Opportunity, Pentagon Press, New Delhi.
- Sinha, A. and M. Mohta eds (2002), Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Opportunities, Academic Foundation, New Delhi.
- Shukul, H. C. (1993), India's Foreign Policy: The Strategy of Nonalignment, Chanakya Publications, New Delhi.
- Dixi, J. N. (2004), Makers of India's Foreign Policy, Harper Collins India,
- Jayapalan, N. (2001), Foreign policy of India, Atlantic Publishers & Distributors,
- Brown, Judith M. (1994), *Modern India: The Origins of an Asian Democracy*, Oxford University Press.
- Bajpai, Kanti, Foreign Policy Dilemmas, Seminar 519, Delhi.
- Jha, Nalini Kan (2002), *Domestic Imperatives in India's Foreign Policy*, South Asian Publishers
- Panikkar, K. M. (1960), Problems of Indian defence, Asia Pub. House, New Delhi.
- Panikkar, K. M. (1956), The Principles and practice of diplomacy, Asia Pub. House, New Delhi.
- K Subramania (1975), Foreign Policy Planning in India, Foreign Affairs Reports, Vol. 24(1).
- Muni, S. D. (2012), *India's Foreign Policy: The Democracy Dimension*, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi.

Semester IV Credits - 04

# Political Geography

# **Objectives**

This module is designed to give an introduction and overview to the varied discipline of Political Geography. The course contextualise the study of Political Geography within the wider discipline, to enable students to understand the field its development contemporary debates such as nationalism, identity and sovereignty.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Introduction to political Geography

Definition, nature and scope of political geography,

Field of political geography; Element of Geopolitics;

The State: emergence of state, concepts and theories of nation and the nation state,

Concepts of Geopolitics: Frontiers and Boundaries, Core areas and Capitals, Unitary Federal and regional state, the geography of war and peace

#### **Unit II**

#### NATIONALISM AND CONFLICTS

Territorial bases of nationalism Ethno-territorialism in practice – Caucasus

The geographical study of conflicts After the fighting stops – postwar outcomes

Climate change and conflict – is there a connection?

Global climate change – geopolitical

# **Implications**

#### Unit III

Geopolitics and World System Theory Classical geopolitics – "Family Tree" Heartland theory and Eurasia German (Nazi) geopolitics

Cold War US geopolitics Post-911 American geopolitics

The nature of territorial units in the future ('de facto'-states)

World-systems Theory – Wallerstein World-systems theory - Modelski Critiques of world-System Theories

- ♣ Agnew J. Geopolitics: Revisioning World Politics. London: Routledge, 2003.
- ♣ Anderson, B. Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origins and Spread of Nationalism. New York: Verso, 1991.
- ♣ Barnett and M. Low (eds) Spaces of Democracy. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage, 2004, 23-46.
- ♣ Barnett, Jon, "The geopolitics of climate change." Geography Compass 1 (6), 2007,

- 1361-1375.
- Collier, P. et al. Breaking the Conflict Trap. Washington DC: World Bank, 2003.
- ♣ Dahlman, C. and G Ó Tuathail "Broken Bosnia: The Localized Geopolitics of Displacement and Return in Two Bosnian Places' Annals, Association of American Geographers 95 (2005) 644-662.
- Flint, C. and P.J. Taylor Political Geography: World-system, nation-state and locality. 5th ed.
- Friedman, T. "It's a Flat World, After All" The New York Times Magazine, (April 3, 2005).
- Grant, R. and J. Nijman, "The Rescaling of Uneven Development in Ghana and India", Tijdschrift voor Economische en Sociale Geografie 95 (2004) 467-481.
- ♣ John L. Allen, Student Atlas of World Politics, Fifth Edition McGraw-Hill/Duskin, 2002. ISBN0-072-51191-5.
- ♣ Kaplan, R. "The revenge of geography" Foreign Policy 172: May-June 2009, pp. 96-105, and responses by political geographers "Revenge of geographers" at Foreign Policy online
- Kolstoe, P. "The sustainability and future of unrecognized quasi-states" Journal of Peace Research 43, 2006, 723–740.
- ♣ LeBillon, P. "The political geography of resource wars", in C. Flint (ed) The Geography of War and Peace: From Death Camps to Diplomats. New York: Oxford University Press, 2005, 241
- **\$\rightarrow\$** London: Longman, 2000.
- Martin I. Glassner, Political Geography, Third Edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2002. ISBN 0-471-35266-7.
- \* National Academy of Sciences Report "Climate and Social Stress: Implications for Security Analysis" Washington DC: National Research Council, 2012 (executive summary) New York: Pearson, 2007.
- Taylor, P.J. and C. Flint Political Geography: World-system, nation-state and locality. 4th ed.
- Walton, Douglas. 2007. Media Argumentation: Dialect, Persuasion and Rhetoric. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- **Takaria**, F. "The rise of illiberal democracy." Foreign Affairs 76 (6), 1997, 22-43.er, Katrin. 2008. The Media in Transitional Democracies, Cambridge: Polity.

# Semester V

(Each paper carries 4 credits)

# **ELECTIVE PAPERS**

- Gandhi and the Contemporary World
- South Asia in World Politics
- Middle East in World Affairs
- Dynamics of Indian Political System
- Africa in World Affairs
- Current Trends in International Relations
- Indian Foreign Policy

Semester V Credit-04

Gandhi and the Contemporary World

Course objective: This course shall examine Gandhian thought and its practical implications. It will enable students to see the influence of Gandhian thought in the contemporary world and it will also develop insight to critically evaluate Gandhian legacy.

#### **Course Content**

# **Unit-I**

# Gandhian Thought: Theory and Action

- Theory of Satyagraha
- Satyagraha in Action
- Peasant Satyagraha: Kheda and the Idea of Trusteeship
- Temple Entry and Critique of Caste

## Unit-II

## Gandhi's Legacy

- Tolerance: Anti Racism
   Movements (Anti Apartheid and Martin Luther King)
- The Pacifist Movement
- Women's Movements
- Gandhigiri: Perceptions in Popular Culture

#### **Unit-III**

## Rethinking Gandhi: Ethics of Development

- Conception of Modern Civilization and Alternative Modernity
- Critique of Development: Narmada Bachao Andolan

#### Gandhi and the Idea of Political

- Swarai
- Sarvodaya
- Swadeshi

- B. Parekh (1997), *Satyagrah'*, *in Gandhi: A Brief Insight*, Sterling Publishing Company, New Delhi, pp. 51-63.
- D. Dalton (2000), *Gandhi's originality*, in A. Parel (ed) *Gandhi, Freedom and Self-Rule*, Lexington Books, New Delhi, pp.63-86.
- A Baviskar, (1995), The Politics of the Andolan, In the Belly of the River: Tribal Conflict Over Development in the Narmada Valley, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, pp.202-228.
- R Iyer, (ed) (1993), The Essential Writings of Mahatma Gandhi, Oxford University

Press, New Delhi, Chapter 4.

- R. Ramashray, (1984), Liberty Versus Liberation in Self and Society: A Study in Gandhian Thought, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- B. Parekh, (1997), *The Critique of Modernity*, in *Gandhi: A Brief Insight*, Sterling Publishing Company, New Delhi, pp. 63-74.
- K. Ishii (2001), The Socio-economic Thoughts of Mahatma Gandhi: As an Origin of Alternative Development, Review of Social Economy. Vol. 59 (3), pp. 297-312.
- D. Hardiman (2003), *Narmada Bachao Andolan'*, in Gandhi in his Time and Ours, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, pp. 224-234.
- A Baviskar (1995), The Politics of the Andolan', In the Belly of the River: Tribal Conflict Over Development in the Narmada Valley, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, pp.202-228.
- R Iyer (ed) (1993), *The Essential Writings of Mahatma Gandhi*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, Chapter- 4.
- R. Ramashray (1984), Liberty Versus Liberation', in Self and Society: A Study in Gandhian Thought, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- Bose, N. K. (1966), *Gandhi the man and his mission*, Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan. Bombay.
- Diwarkar, R.R. (1963), *Gandhiji's basic Ideas and some modern problems*, Bharatiya Vidya Bhawan, Bombay.
- Datta, Amlan (1986), *The Gandhian Way*, N.E. Hill University publications. Shillong.
- R. Iyer (2000), *The Moral and Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, pp. 251-344.
- Movie Screenings:
- Lage Raho Munna Bhai
- Gandhi by Richard Attenborough

**Source: University of Delhi** 

Semester V Credits – 04

Objective: This course aims at familiarizing the students with the South Asia region as a whole. It shall highlight the prevalent strategic environment in the region, inter-state conflicts, nuclear issue, regional cooperation and South Asia's role in international cooperation.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Making sense of South Asia: Conceptual Understanding of the geopolitics of South Asia, South Asia as an entity in World Affairs

**South Asian Strategic Environment:** Understanding the placement of South Asia in the context of the global and regional chessboard, efforts to fathom the South Asian ethos

#### Unit II

South Asia and the World: Contextualizing the Foreign Policies of South Asian States in the Global context, role of external powers in the South Asian region, coherence or the lack of it in global politics among the states of South Asia, UN and South Asia.

Security Issues in South Asia (Transnational Dimensions of Security): Ethnicity, Language and Religion, Demographic factors: Refugees, Immigrants, Diaspora, Economic, Ecological and Gender Security, Terrorism, Narcotics

**Nuclear Issues in South Asia:** Rift between nuclear and non-nuclear weapon states in South Asia, weaponisation and armament and arms race in the region, efforts towards disarmament in South Asia.

#### Unit III

Inter-State Conflicts in South Asia: Political, economic, cultural disputes and differences, scope of conflict resolution in South Asia

Regional cooperation in South Asia: SAARC: exploring various avenues of cooperation.

- Baylis, J. Steve S. and Particia O. (2011), The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations, New York: Oxford University Press.
- Basrur, Rajesh M.(2001), Security in the New Millennium: Views from South Asia, New Delhi: India Research Press.
- ♣ Bhola, P.L. and Ramakant (1995), Post Cold War Development in South Asia, Jaipur: RBSA Publisher.
- Bidwai, P. and Vinaik A.(2001), South Asia on a Short Fuse: Nuclear Politics and the Future of Global Disarmament, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- **Cohen**, Stephen P.(2001), *India: Emerging Power*, Washington D.C.: Brookings

- Institution Press.
- Vernon, H.(1997), The New International Politics of South Asia, Manchester: Manchester University Press.
- # Mitra,S.(1996), Sub-nationalism in South Asia, Boulder: West View.
- Kux,D.(1993), Estranged Democracies: India and the US 1941-1991, New Delhi:Sage Publications.
- Rajagopalan, S.(2006), Security and South Asia: Ideas, Institutions and Initiatives, New Delhi: Routledge.
- # Muni,S.D. and Baral, Lok R.(1996), *Refugees and Regional Security in South Asia*, New Delhi: Konark Publishers.
- ♣ Bhattacharya, Mita (2004), South Asia in the era of Globalisation: Trade Industrialisation and Welfare, Delhi: Nova Science Publishers.
- Tambiah, Stanley, J.(1997), Levelling Crowds: Ethno-nationalist Conflicts and Collective Violence in South Asia, USA: University of California Press.
- David, Taylor (1979), *Political Identity in South Asia*, London: University of London, Schoold of Oriental and African Studies.
- \$\rightarrow\$ Sharan S. and F. Vivekananda (1991), Asia in the 21st Critical Century: The Question of Sub-nationalism in South Asia: Case Studies from Sri Lanka, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh, USA: Bethany Books.
- Dash, Kishore C. (2008), Regionalism in South Asia: Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures, New York: Routledge.
- Srinivasan, T.N.(2002), *Trade, Finance and Investment in South Asia*, New York: Berghahn Books.
- Hossain, M. et. Al.(1999), South Asian Economic Development: Transformation, Opportunities and Challenges, New York: Routledge.

Reference: Syllabus of Master of Arts (Political Science) University of Delhi.

Semester-V Credits - 04

## **Objectives**

This module is designed to give an introduction and overview about the Middle East in world affairs. The course focuses on the emergence of the state system in Middle East and its interaction among nations within the region and around the globe.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Understanding the Geopolitical location of the region

Approaches to the International Relations of the Middle East

The Emergence of the State System in Middle east

Unit-II

The Middle East in the Cold War

Supers Powers in the middle east

The United States of America:

Dulles era, The Baghdad Pact, the Eisenhover Doctorine, 9 Amrch 1959 Agreement, The RCD, The new strategy for the Indian Ocean and the importance of West Asia, 1967 and October 1973 War, USA and the changing balance of power in the region.

The USSR:

Soviet interest in West Asia, the Czech arms deal 1955, The USSR and the radical Arab States, the politico-military gain in the Mediterranean and the Red Sea.

#### **Unit III**

The Middle East since the Cold War

Transnationalism and the State System: Nationalism and Islamism

International Political Economy of the Middle East

Major Powers and the Middle East: The US and the EU

Regionalism and Security in the Middle East

The Arab-Israeli conflict: Background, impact of the October 1973 War and détente.

The Arab-Israeli Conflict (1991-

Revolution and Foreign Policy: Islamic Republic of Iran

The Iraqi Issue

Growing importance of the Gulf, Oil and the Energy Crisis. Emergence of Iran as a new factor in West Asian Politics.

#### **Text and Reference Books**

- 'The Broader Middle East and North Africa Initiative: Imperiled at Birth' *International Crisis Group*, Brussels/Amman, 7 June 2004.
- Anoushirivan Ehteshami, *Globalization and Geopolitics in the Middle East: Old Games*, New Rules (UK: Routledge, 2007) Introduction and Ch. 6. Fawcett (ed) *International Relations of the Middle East*, Chs. 6, 13 and 14.
- As'ad AbuKhalil.'A New Arab Ideology: Rejuvenation of Arab Nationalism,' *The Middle East Journal*, Vo. 46, No. 1, Winter 1992, pp. 22-36.
- Birthe Hansen, *Unipolarity and the Middle East* (London: Curzon, 2000) Ch. 2.
- Fawaz A. Gerges, 'The Study of Middle East International Relations: A Critique' *British Journal of Middle Eastern Studies*, Vol. 18, No. 2, 1991.
- Fawcett (ed) International Relations of the Middle East (Oxford University Press, 2005)
- Fred Halliday, *The Middle East in International Relations: Power, Politics and Ideology* (UK: Cambridge University Press, 2005)
- Hansen, *Unipolarity and the Middle East*, Ch. 3.
- Hinnebusch, The International Politics of the Middle East, Ch. 8.
- L.Carl. Brown, International Politics and the Middle East (Princeton: Princeton
- Peter Mandaville, Global Political Islam (NY: Routledge, 2007) Chs. 8-10.
- Raymond Hinnebusch and Anoushirvan Ehteshami (eds) *The Foreign Policies of the Middle East States* (Boulder: Lynne Reinner, 2002) Introduction (Hinnebusch) and Conclusion (Ehteshami).
- Richard Youngs. 'Europe's Uncertain Pursuit of Middle Eastern Reform,' *Carnegie Papers*, No. 45, June 2004.
- Shibley Telhami and Michael Barnett (eds). *Identity and Foreign Policy in the Middle East* (Ithaca and London: Cornell University Press, 2002) Introduction (Telhami and Barnett) and Conclusion (Saideman). University Press, 1984) Part 3 and Conclusion.

Semester V Credits - 04

**Dynamics of the Indian Political System** 

Course Objective: This course shall enable students to learn about the historical background and the constitutional design of state structures and institutions with special emphasis on Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy. This course endeavors to enrich the understanding of the students about the Indian polity and the important issues and themes that it grapples with in contemporary times.

#### **Course Content**

## Unit-I

# **Historical Background of the Indian Constitution -**

- The Philosophy of the Indian Constitution
- Preamble- Republic, Democratic, Sovereign, Justice, Liberty, Equality, fraternity, unity and integrity of Nation
- Basic Features

# Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and DPSP-

- Philosophical Background, Sources
- Provisions in Indian Constitution, Constitutional Remedies for enforcement of Fundamental Rights.
- Fundamental Duties: Objective, Provisions
- Directive Principles of State Policy:
   Philosophy, Sources, Ideational
   Background and its Implications

# **Unit-II**

# Legislature, Executive and Judiciary-

- Introduction
- Relations between Legislature, Executive and Judiciary
- Judiciary in India: An introduction

### **Unit-III**

# **Dynamics of Indian Political System-**

- Party System in India
- Role of Pressure Groups in Indian Politics
- Secularism and Communalism in Indian Politics
- Challenges to the Indian Political System

- Easton, D. (1953), *The Political System: An Inquiry into the State of Political* Science, New York Wiley, New York..
- Kohli, Atul (1990), Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of

- Governability, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- Kohli, Atul (ed.) (2001), *The Success of India's Democracy*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- Kothari Rajani (2005), Politics in India, Orient Longman, New Delhi.
- Kothari Rajani (1976), *Democratic Polity and Social Change in India*, Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- Kothari Rajani (1988), State Against Democracy: In Search for Humane Governance,
   Ajanta Publications, New Delhi.
- Kothari Rajani (1993), Social Movements and the Redefinition of Democracy, Westview Press, Boulder Colorado.
- Basu, D. D. (2010), *Introduction to the Indian Constitution*, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa Publishing House, Nagpur.
- Narang, A.S. (2010), *Indian Government and Politics*, Geetanjali Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Kaviraj, S. (2009), *Indian Political System*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Chandok, N. (2011), Contemporary India, Pearson India, New Delhi.
- Kashyap, S. (2008), Our Constitution, National Book Trust, New Delhi.
- Kashyap, S. (2008), *Our Parliament*, National Book Trust, New Delhi..
- Ghosh, P. (2012), *Indian Government and Politics*, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi.
- Prasad, Mahendra Singh (2012), *The Indian Political System*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., Pearson Education in South Asia, New Delhi.
- Brass, P. (1994), *The Politics of India since Independence, 2nd ed.*, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi.
- Brown, I (1985), *Modern India: The Origin of Asian Democracy*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

Semester V Credits - 04

Course Objective: The paper is about the introduction of the traditions of the Political thought in context of the International polity and relations. The very purpose of the course is to make

student acquaint about the methods, approaches and context of different concepts and notions of traditions of the political philosophy.

# Africa in World Affairs

### **Course Content**

Unit I

Geo-Cultural Aspects: Land, People, Ecology, Environment, and Language

**Historical Aspects: Ancient African Empire** 

Indigenous Political System, Slave trade, Industrialization

Colonialism In Africa: Pattern of colonial rule in Africa, Legacy of Colonialism, growth of nationalism and liberation movement in Africa.

**Unit II** 

Political Independence and constitutional change in Africa

**Growth of Political Parties and party system** 

The role of military

Democratization process in Africa, Rise and fall of Apartheid in South Africa, Concepts of Pan-Africanism and African Socialism, Problems in nation building in Africa, Ethnic conflicts in Africa Unit -III

Africa and emerging International system

Africa and Cold-war,

Post cold war scenario in Africa,

Africa on the new world orders,

Africa and the United Nations,

Inter-regional cooperation, role of the organization of African Unity

**Africa and NAM** 

Role and relevance of African Union (A.U 2001)

**India-Africa relations** 

- Herbst, Jeffrey, "The Challenge of State-Building in Africa." In his *States and Power in Africa*. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2000, 11-31.
- Smith, B.C., *Understanding Third World Politics*, London: Macmillan Press. 1996.
- Kohli, Atul, The State and Development in the Third World (Princeton University Press, 1986
- Woronoff, J., Organising African Unit (New Jersey: Scarecrow Press, 1970).
- Grant, Andrew and Fredrik Soderbaum, eds., *The 1ew Regionalism in Africa* (Ashgate, 2003)
- Clapham, Christopher, *Africa and the International System: Politics of State Survival* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2002).
- The Southern Africa Region and the Regional Hegemon," in Bjorn Hettne, Andras
- Inotai, and Osvaldo Sunkel, eds., *lational Perspectives on the 1ew Regionalism in the South* (London: Macmillan Press, 2000), pages 242–264.
- "African Foreign Policy in the New Millennium: From Coming Anarchies to Security Communities? From New Regionalisms to New Realisms?" in Kevin C.Dunn and Timothy M. Shaw, eds., *Africa's Challenge to International Relations Theory* (New York: Palgrave, 2001), pp. 204–219.
- Pamela K. Mbabazi, "Political Economies of Africa(s) at the Start of the 21st Century," in Richard Stubbs and Geoffrey R.D. Underhill, eds., *Political Economy and the Changing Global Order*, third Edition (Toronto: Oxford University Press, 2005), chap. 25.
- Soderbaum, Fredrik, *The Political Economy of Regionalism. The Case of Southern Africa (Basingstoke: Palgrave, 2004).*

Semester V Credits - 04

**Course Objective**: The relations among the nations is ever changing and contemporary relations among the nations presents a unique s

# Current Trends in International Relations

#### **Course Content**

Unit I

**Changing Notion of Security** 

**Human Security: Introduction, dimensions of human security** 

Problems of human security: Poverty, Development and Hunger, promotion of human security.

Culture in World Affairs; the counter revolutionaries of the global age

A counter revolution at the civilization level?: the case of Islam

Religious fundamentalism

**Unit II** 

Transnational actors: Introduction, Problem with state centric approach,

Transnational companies as political actor

Non-legitimate groups and liberation movement as political actors

Non-governmental organizations as a structure of global politics

Globalization and transformation of political community

Unit -III

**International Issues** 

**Environmental Issues: Environment as an issue in international agenda** 

The function of international environmental cooperation

The issue of climate change

The environment and international relations theory.

**Terrorism and Globalization** 

Terrorism: from transnational to global phenomenon

Globalization, technology and terrorism

Combating terrorism: International efforts and problems

- ♣ Baylis, John, Steve Smith and Patricia Owens (2011), The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations, New York: Oxford University Press.
- **\$\rightarrow\$** Brown, Chris (2011), *Understanding International Relations*, Houndmills, Basingstoke, Hampshire and London: MacMillan Press Ltd.
- Callaghan, Terry O. and Martin Griffiths (2007), Key Concepts in International

- Relations, London and New York: Routledge, Taylor and Francis Group.
- Carlsnaes, Walter, Risse Thomas and Beth A. Simmons (2006), *Handbook of International Relations*, London, Thousand Oaks, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- thatterjee, Aneek (2010), *International Relations Today: Concepts and Applications*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- \$\text{\text{\$\congrue}\$}\$ Ghosh, P (2011), International Relations, New Delhi: PHI Learning Limited.
- Goldstein, Joshua S. and Jon C. Pevehouse (2011), *International Relations*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Perkins, Palmer (2010), *International Relations (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)*, New Delhi: CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- Sorensen, Georg and Robert Jackson (2010), *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*, USA: Oxford University Press.
- Wilkinson, Paul (2007), *International Relations: A Very Short Introduction*, USA: Oxford University Press.

Semester V Credit-04

Course Objective: This course shall enlighten the students about the key determinants of India's Foreign Policy. It shall also aim at developing an understanding about India's Foreign Policy towards neighboring South Asian countries and other regional organization like SAARC, ASEAN and EU. It shall deal with major security challenges that India is facing in the twenty first century and also provide an in-depth analysis about India's standpoint on global issues and the international fora.

#### **Course Content**

## **Unit-I**

## **Sources, Determinants and Principles**

- Sources of India's Foreign Policy
- Objectives and Principles
  - India's self-image
  - Panchasheel
  - Non- align movement

#### **Unit-II**

# **India and South Asian States: Main Issues**

- Pakistan
- Afghanistan
- Sri Lanka
- Bangladesh
- Nepal, Bhutan and Maldives

# **Unit-III**

# **India and Regional Organizations –**

- European Union (EU)
- Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN)
- South Asian Association of Regional Cooperation (SAARC)

# **India on the International Stage**

- India's relations with major powers
- India and the UN
- India and WTO

- Appadorai, A. (1981), Domestic Roots of Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Srivastava, P. (ed.) (2001), *Non Alignment Movement: Extending Frontiers*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers, pp. 177-182.
- Sinha, A. and M. Mohta (eds) (2003), Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and

- Opportunities, Academic Foundation, New Delhi.
- Bajpai, Kanti (2002), Foreign Policy Dilemmas, Seminar 519, Delhi,
- Shukul, H. C. (1993), *India's Foreign Policy: The Strategy of Nonalignment*, Chanakya Publications.
- J.N Dixi (2004), Makers of India's Foreign Policy, Harper Collins, India.
- Jayapalan, N. (2001), Foreign policy of India, Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.
- K.R. Gupta, & Vatsala Shukla (2009), Foreign Policy of India, Atlantic Publishers
   & Distributors.
- Murthy, P. (2000), Managing Suspicion: Understanding India's Relations with Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan and Sri Lanka, Knowledge World, New Delhi.
- Dutt, V.P. (1999), India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World, New Delhi: Vikas Publication, New Delhi.
- Saran, S. (2007), India and its Neighbours in Indian Foreign Policy, Foreign Service Institute, New Delhi.
- Muni, S.D. (2003), *Problem Areas in India's Neighbourhood Policy*, South Asian Survey, New Delhi.
- Pant, H.V. (ed.) (2009), India's foreign policy in a Unipolar World, Routledge Publication, New Delhi.
- Behera, N.C. (ed.) (2008), *International Relations in South Asia: Search for an Alternative Paradigm*, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- Bhargava, G.S. (1983), South Asian Security after Afghanistan, Lexington Books, Toronto.
- Muni, S.D. (ed.) (2006), Responding to Terrorism in South Asia, Manohar Publication, New Delhi.
- Vanaik, Achin, (ed.) (2007), *Masks of Empire*, Tulika Publication, New Delhi.
- Dixit, J.N. (2001) *India's Foreign Policy: Challenge of Terrorism Fashioning Interstate Equations*, Gyan Publishing, Toronto.

# Semester VI

# (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- Social Research Method
- Environmental Issues in World Politics
- National Security and International Relations
- Media and International Relations
- Post-Cold War and World Politics

Semester VI Credits - 04

#### **Objectives**

The course is introduced to establish a general familiarity with the research methods and techniques needed for analyzing international relations. This includes a broad understanding of the discipline, the ideas and foundational concepts employed, research design, qualitative and quantitative methods, data collection, and data analysis. The course also introduces some of the debates in Research Methodology so as to acquaint the students with them. Students have to prepare a research proposal and present it as part of the course towards the completion of the course.

#### Course Content

Unit I

**Social Research** 

**Social Inquiry** 

# **Methods of Inquiry: Historical**

History, Historical Method, Historiography, Historicism, Linear and non-linear explanations in history

# **Methods of Inquiry: Scientific**

Theories and Models

Science and scientific research, Types of scientific research, History of Scientific Thought, Concepts, Constructs and variables, Propositions and Hypothesis,

#### **UNIT II**

# Concepts in social ressearch

Need of Social Research, Theory and Methods, Dimension of Research The Meanings of Methodology Inductive and Deductive Methods, Fact-Value Dichotomy, Empiricism, Positivism, Logical Positivism, Humanism, Hermeneutics and Phenomenology, Falsification.

#### Unit II

# **Designing Research Proposal**

Research Puzzle, Hypotheses, Variables Research Proposal Presentations

### **Text and Reference Books**

**♣** Baert, Patrick, Social Theory in the Twentieth Century (Polity, 1998)

- Brecher, Michael, and Frank P. Harvey, eds. *Millennial Reflections on International Studies* (Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press, 2002).
- # Elman, Colin, and Miriam Fendius Elman, eds. *Progress in International Relations Theory: Appraising the Field* (Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 2003).
- ♣ Evera, Stephen Van, *Guide to Methods for Students of Political Science*. Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1997.
- Gordon, Scott, *The History and Philosophy of Social Science* (Routledge, 1991)
- # Harvey, Frank P. and Michael Brecher (Editors), *Evaluating Methodology in International Studies* (Millennial Reflections on International Studies) University of Michigan Press, 2002.
- the King, Gary, Robert O. Keohane and Sidney Verba. *Designing Social Inquiry: Scientific Inference in Qualitative Research* (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1994).
- \* Nachmias, C., & Nachmias, D. *Research Methods in the Social Sciences* (4<sup>th</sup> ed.). New York: St. Martin's Press, 1992.
- \$\ \text{Spoull, N.L.} Handbook of Research Methods: A Guide for Practitioners and Students in the Social Sciences. (2nd ed.). Metuchen, NJ: Scarecrow Press, 1995.
- Strauss, Anselm and Juliet Corbin, , *Basics of Qualitative Research: Techniques and Procedures for Developing Grounded Theory*, 2nd Edition. Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications, 1998.

Semester VI Credits – 04

**Course Objective:** This course aims to create a general understanding and awareness for Global environmental degradation. It also enables students to know about the politics which is being played by the world actors on the name of Global. It also focuses on the International Environmental law and key issues of environmental cocern.

#### **Course Content**

# **Unit-I**

#### **Global Environmental Politics**

- Definition
- Politics of 'Global'
- Role of State, Non-State actors and International Organisations.

# **Unit-II**

#### **International Environmental Law**

- Background and General Principles
- Stockholm Declaration; the Rio Declaration; Johannesburg Declaration
- Major Agreements- PCC and UNFCCC; Kyoto.

## **Unit-III**

# **Climate Change Policies**

- World Bank and Environment
- Globalization and Environment
- Trade and Environment
- Technology Transfer and Environment

#### **Key Issues**

- Global warming
- Energy and Carbon Credit
- Ozone layer depletion
- Sustainable development

- Forsyth, T. (2011), *Global environmental problems and politics*, The London School of Economics and Political Science, University of London.
- Hurrell, Andrew & Benedict kingsbury (1992), *The International Politics of the Environment: Actors, Interests and Institutions*, Clarendon Press, Oxford.

- Harris, Paul G. (013), Routledge Handbook of Global Environmental Politics, Routledge, India.
- Cass, Loren (2011), Global Environmental Politics, Oxford University Press, UK.
- Mitchell (2009), *Explaining International Environmental Politics*, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- Dauvergne, Peter (2005), Handbook of Global Environmental Politics, Edward Elgar
   Publishing Limited, United Kingdom.
- Birnie, Patricia W. and Boyle, Alan E (1992), *International Law and the Environment*, Oxford Clarendon Press.
- Boyle, Alan and Freestone, David (eds.) (2001), *International Law and Sustainable Development: Past Achievements and Future Challenges*, Oxford University Press.
- Sands, Philippe (2003), *Principles of International Environmental Law*, 2nd ed., Cambridge University Press.
- UN Framework Convention on Climate Change http://unfccc.int/essential\_background/convention/background/items/2853.php
- Kyoto Protocol. http://unfccc.int/kyoto\_protocol/items/2830.php

**Sources:** The London School of Economics and Political Science

Semester VI Credits – 04

# National Security and International Relations

Objective: This paper shall enlighten the students about the historical and conceptual narratives and debates of national security. It shall also highlight the various theoretical aspects of national security. The paper shall also examine the causes of war and ways and means of preventing and dealing with conflict.

# **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Historical and Conceptual Narratives: State formation, Power, Legitimacy and Security, Evolution of Security Studies

**Conceptual Debates:** Security versus Power: What do states want? , National Interest, National Security and Security Dilemma

#### Unit II

**Theoretical Aspects:** Security from the viewpoint of Realism, Liberalism, Constructivism, Critical Theory and Subaltern Realism, Securitisation and Desecuritisation

#### **Unit III**

**Nuclear Deterrence and Stability:** Concept of Deterrence, nuclear stability

**War in International Relations:** Causes of War, How to deal with war?

- ♣ Barry, B. and L. Hansen (2009)," The Key Questions in International Security Studies: The State, Politics and Epistemology", in *The Evolution of International Security Studies*, Cambridge University Press.
- **\$\ \text{Booth, K. (2007), Theory of World Security, New York: Cambridge University Press.**
- ♣ Byan, M.(2003), "Security Studies and the 'Security State': Security Provision in Historical Context," *International Relations*, 17(2): 135-151.
- Goemans, H.E.(2000), "Theory of War Termination", The Causes of War Termination and the First World War, Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Gwyn,P.(1998), "The Four-stroke Cycle in Security Studies", *International Affairs*, 74(4): 781-808.
- **♦** Jack, S. and R. William Thompson (2010), *Causes of War*, Chichester, UK: Wiley-Blackwell Publishing.

- ♣ Jefferey, Taliaferro, W.(2001), "Security Seeking under Anarchy: Defensive Realism Revisited", *International Security*, 25(3): 128-161.
- \* Kolodziej, Edward A.(2005), "Constructivism", in *Security and International Relations*, New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Levy, Jack S.(1983), "Misperceptions and the Causes of War", World Politics, 36: 76-99.
- ♣ McDonald, M.(2008), "Securitisation and the Construction of Security", *European Journal of International Relations*, 14(4): 563-587.
- Mearsheimer, J.(2001), The Tragedy of Great Power Politics, New York: W.W. Norton.
- Sorensen, G.(2001), "War and State-making: Why Doesn't it work in the Third World?", *Security Dialogue*, 32: 341-354.
- ♦ Vasquez, John A.(2009), The War Puzzle Revisited, New York: Cambridge University Press.
- ♣ Booth, K.(2007), "Deepening, Broadening, Reconstructing", *Theory of World Security*, New York: Cambridge University Press.
- **♦** Booth, K. (1991), "Security and Emancipation", *Review of International Studies*, 17(4): 313-326.

Reference: Syllabus of School of International Studies (M.A. Course), Jawaharlal Nehru University.

Semester VI Credits - 04

# Media and International Relations

#### **Objectives**

This course is designed to study the growing interaction among people, foreign policy making body and global news media, especially international television and the internet. The course explores the symbiotic relationship of these institutions through the examination of case studies.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I

#### heories of Media and International Relations

- Understanding the Field
- Power, Ideology and Media
- Dominant and Alternative Paradigms: Liberal and Marxist
- The Socila Construction of News

# **Media's and International Relations:** Historical perspective

- Comparative Media
- Cold War and Media
- Post-Cold War and Media

Case Study: Liberal Media (Vietnam War), Communist Media (Soviet Union and China)

#### Unit II

# Unit-II Media, Propagandaand War Media and War

- Historical Perspectives
- The realities and logistics of war reporting
- Identities, Cultures and Cults of War Reporting
- Military Media Management: Public Relation, pooling and embedding
- Images of War

Iraq, Afghanistan and the 'War on Terror'

#### Media and Propaganda

- Propaganda: Historical view, Contemporary view
- Elements of Propaganda
- Propaganda and War: Propaganda when preparing or justifying war
- Military control of information (Military Industrial Complex)
- Embedded journalists: An advantage for the Military
- Propaganda in Democracy
- Why Does so much Propaganda work

Case studies: Hitler and First World War, George

Bush and War on Terror

Unit III

New Media and IR

**New Media and Social Networking** 

- An Overview
- Internet
- Facebook
- Twitter

Wikileaks

# **Text and Reference Books**

- Atkinson, Max. 1984. Our Masters Voices: Language and Body Language of Politics. London: Routledge.
- Bryman, Alan. 2008. Social Research Methods, 3rd edition. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Carruthers, Susan. 2000. Media at War: Communication and Conflict in the Twentieth Century. London: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Druckman, Daniel. 2005. Doing Research. Methods of Inquiry for Conflict Analysis. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage
- the Chesebro, James W. and Dale A. Bertelsen. 1998. Analyzing Media: Communication Technologies as Symbolic and Cognitive Systems. New York: Guilford Press.
- Hoskins, Andrew, and Ben O'Loughlin. 2009. Understanding War and Media: Diffused War in the New Media Ecology. Cambridge: Polity.
- # Huff, Darrell. 1954/1993. How to Lie with Statistics. New York: Norton.
- Norris, P. M. Kern and M. Just (eds.) 2003. Framing Terrorism: The News Media, the Government and the Public.
- \* Kevin, Deirdre. 2003. Europe and the Media: A Comparison of Reporting, Representation and Rhetoric in National Media Systems. Hillsdale, NJ: Lawrence Ehrbaum Associates Inc.
- ♣ Landman, Todd. 2008. Issues and Methods in Comparative Politics. London: Routledge.
- ♣ MacArthur, Brian, ed. 1999. The Penguin Book of Twentieth Century Speeches. London: Penguin Books.
- Oates, Sarah. 2008. Introduction to Media and Politics. London: Sage.
- Prelli, Lawrence J. and Thomas W. Benson, eds. 2006. Rhetorics of Display. Columbia: University of South Carolina Press.
- ♦ Voltmer, Katrin (ed.). 2006. Mass Media and Political Communication in New Democracies. London: Routledge
- Voltmer, Katrin. 2008. The Media in Transitional Democracies, Cambridge: Polity.
- ♦ Walton, Douglas. 2007. Media Argumentation: Dialect, Persuasion and Rhetoric. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Semester VI Credits – 04

# Post-Cold war and World Politics

**Course Objective:** The focus of this paper is to demonstrate an understanding of the complexities of key issues in post cold war era that have shaped the international order in the second half of the twentieth century. It also offers valuable insight which is integral to making informed judgment of current global development.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I

## Post-Cold War Era

- Introduction and background
- Post Cold- War Era and Emerging Centres of Power (European Union, China, Russia and Japan)
- Origins of American hegemony- in light of US involvement in Iraq and Afghanistan
- Debate, Bipolar to Unipolar and now Multi polar

#### **Unit-II**

#### **Development of Global Economy**

- Reasons for the growth
- Problem that effected the growth-Oil crisis, Protectionism versus Free trade, Trade imbalance, Debt crisis
- Rise of Japan and China as 'Economic Miracle'

### **Unit-III**

# **Conflict and Co-operation**

- Rise of Religious Fundamentalism: causes and impact
- Humanitarian Intervention-Iraq/Grenada/Rwanda/Somalia
- Climate change
- The Political Effectiveness of the United Nations (in context of changing International System)

- Clark, I. (2001), *The Post Cold War Order: The Spoils of Peace*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Lundestad, G. & Odd Arne Westad (eds) (1993), Beyond the Cold War: New Dimensions in International Relations, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Wenger, A. (2003), *International Relations: From the Cold War to the Globalised World*, Lynne Rienner Publishers.
- Lundestad, G. (1999), East, West, North, South: Major Developments in International Politics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Walker, Martin (1994), *The Cold War and the Making of the Modern World*, Vintage Publication, New Delhi.
- Bramall, C. (2000), *Sources of Chinese Economic Growth*, 1978-1996, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Hobsbawm, Eric (1997), The Age of Extremes, Vintage Books, Hachette India, Noida, India.
- Kelly, D. (2002), *Japan and the Reconstruction of East Asia*, Palgrave Publications, New Delhi.
- Steger, M. B. (2003), *Globalisation: A Very Short Introduction*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Tibi, B. (1998), The Challenge of Fundamentalism: Political Islam and the New World Disorder, University of California Press.

# **Semester VII**

# (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- Introduction to International Relations Theory
- Comparative Political Analysis
- Thinkers of International Relations-I
- International Law

Semester VII Credits - 04

# Introduction to International Relations Theory

Objective: The Course is intended to introduce advanced students to theoretical endevour in the discipline of international relations. The objective is to deal with the fundamental debates, concepts and methodologies and to give students an appreciation of the major intellectual tools available to them in analyzing world affairs.

#### **Course Content**

Introduction to International Relations

Theory

Unit-I

Realism

What is Theory? Can there be a Theory of International Relations?

Theory: Science Versus Tradition

Level of Analysis: Three Images

Structural Realism by Keneth Walts, Critiques of Structural Realism: G.H. Ruggie, Paul Shroeder, Helen Milner;

Rober A Keohane

Classical Realism: Hans Morgenthau,

Richard Ashley

#### Unit II

#### Liberalism & Marxism

Liberal Institutionalism: Complex Interdependence-Keohane and Nye Cooperation under Anarchy: Keneth Oye Critique of Cooperation Under Anarchy:

Grieco

Concept of Regimes: Stephen D Krasner,

Ruggie

# Marxist and Neo-Marxist Theories of International Relations

Marxist Theories of Imperialism – Lenin,

Bukharin and Rosa Luxemburg, Marxist

theories of Development – Dependency and

World System Analysis, Neo-Marxism in

International Relations - Gramsci, Cox and

Gill, New Marxism – Bill Barren

#### **Unit III**

#### Post Positivism, Post Rationalism

Positivism,

Post Positivism: Critical Theory, post modernism by Richard K Ashley, Richard Devetak

#### **Feminism**

Feminism/Gender in International Relations

#### Constructivism

"Anarchy is What State make of It": Alexander Wendt, Ken Booth

#### IR Theory and Third World

Subaltern Realism: Mohammad Ayoob Security and the Third World

- \* Keneth Waltz, "Laws and Theories", in Robert O. Keohane, ed., Neorealism and Its Baylis, John, Steve Smith and Patricia Owens (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
- the Chowdry, G and Nair, S. (2002) (eds), Power, Post Colonialism and International Relations; Reading Race, Gender and Class (London and New York: routledge, Advances in International Relations and Global Politics)
- Darby, P. (2000), At the Age of International Relations: Post colonialism, Gender and Dependency, Cambridge: Continuum International Publishing Group.
- Tickner, J. A. (2001), Gendering World Politics, New York: Columbia University Press.
- Walker, R. J. B. (1993), Inside/Outside: International Relations as Political Theory

Semester VII Credits – 04

# Comparative Political Analysis

Objective: The aim of this course is to familiarize students with the fundamental concepts, paradigms and issues of comparative politics and government. More specifically, the course is intended to compare and contrast the nature and development of political institutions in developed and developing countries.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

**Comparative Political Analysis** 

**Comparative Politics: An Inquiry** 

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Evolution of state:How the state emerged, The Western state,The Post-colonial state, The state and international organizations, The state in the global economy

# **Theories of Comparative Political Analysis**

Traditional Approaches
Philosophical
Historical
Institutional
Legal
Modern Approaches
Behavioural Approach
Systems Approach
Sociological approach
Structural Functional Approach
Marxian Approach

# Unit II Political Change and Development

A shift away from Europe as the focus of Comparative Politics to the developing nations and also from formal-legal and institutional approaches to an emphasis on informal influences and procedures:

Political Modernization

Political Modernization, Political Culture

Political Socialization

Interest Groups

**Political Parties** 

Constitutionalism and Coalitions

# Unit III Approaches to the Study of Developing Countries

Modernization Theory Dependency Theory World System Analysis

Neo-Colonialism

#### The State in the Third World Societies

Political Power and Social Classes in the Post Colonial World

Types of Regimes: Coup d'etat and Military Dictatorships

Civil-Military Relationship

- Almond G. A., (2000). *Comparative Politics: A Theoretical Framework*, (New York: Harper Collins).
- Burnell P et. al.(eds.) (2008). *Politics in the Developing World*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press).
- Caramani D. (ed.) (2008). *Comparative Politics*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press), pp. 1-23
- Chandhoke, N. (1996) 'Limits of Comparative Political Analysis', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 31 (4), January 27, pp. 2-8
- the Chilcote R. H. (1994). *Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for Paradigm Reconsidered*, (Boulder CO: West view Press),
- Frank A. G. (1966). 'Development of Underdevelopment', *Monthly Review*, 41, pp. 17-31
- G. Bingham J. Powell Jr. And others., (2011). Comparative Politics Today: A World View, (New York: Addison Wesley Longman).
- Grant, M. (2009). 'United Kingdom Parliamentary System', in The UK Parliament, (Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press), pp. 24-43.
- Hague, R. and Martin H. (2004). *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*, (New York: Palgrave Macmillan), ch5 pp.
- Hauss C. (2011). *Comparative Politics: Domestic Responses to Global Challenges*, (United Kingdom: Wadsworth), pp. 65-69; 187-218; 429-461
- \* Kesselman M. (ed.) (2004). *Introduction to Comparative Politics*, (Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co),
- \*\* Kesselman M. (eds.) (2010). *Introduction to Comparative Politics: Political Challenge and Changing Agenda*, (United Kingdom: Wadsworth), pp. 48-98; 408-461; 515-569; 620-671.
- \* Kopstein J. and Lichbach M. (eds.) (2005). *Comparative Politics: Interests, Identities, and Institutions in a Changing Global Order*. (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press), pp. 1-15; 16-36; 253-290.
- ♣ Lane D. (1996). Rise and Fall of State Socialism: Industrial Society and the Socialist state, (UK: Polity Press), pp. 1-11
- ♣ Mackerra C. et.al. (eds.) (2001). Dictionary of the Politics of the People's Republic of China, London: Routledge.
- ♣ Macridis R.C. and Brown B.E. (eds) (1970). Comparative Politics: Notes and Readings, 5<sup>th</sup> ed. (Illinois: Dorsey Press), pp.1-17.
- ♣ McCormick J. (2007) 'Britain', in Comparative Politics in Transition, (United Kingdom: Wadsworth) pp. 98-141
- ◆ McCormick J. (2007) *Comparative Politics in Transition*, (United Kingdom: Wadsworth), pp. 259-303; 435-482.
- Monoranjan M. (1975). 'Comparative Political Theory and Third World Sensitivity', Teaching Politics, Nos. 1 & 2, pp. 22-38

- # Munck G.L. and Richard S. (eds.) (2007). *Passion, Craft, and Method in Comparative Politics*. (Baltimore: The John Hopkins University Press), pp. 32-59.
- Robbers G. (ed.) (2007). *Encyclopedia of World Constitutions*., (New York: Facts on File- An Imprint of Infodase Publishing), pp. 125-131; 670-78; 972-979.
- Rothermund D. (2000). 'The Context of Decolonization', in *The Routledge Companion to Decolonization*, (London: Routledge), pp. 41-52.
- Rutland P., (2007). 'Britain', in Kopstein J. and Lichbach M. (eds.). Comparative Politics: Interest, Identities and Institutions in a Changing Global Order.(Cambridge: Cambridge University Press), pp. 39-79.

Ref: Syllabus, MA, International Relations, School of Global Studies, Sikkim University, Module on "Introduction to Comparative Government and Politics" of Four Year Undergraduate Programme in political Science of Delhi University.

Semester VII Credits - 04

# Thinkers of International Relations-I

Objectives: This course is designed to understand the thinking of philosophy of various thinkers who has contributed to the body of international relations theory. The course captures the thinking of different traditions and time. It will enable students to develop their analytical mind to understand the philosophy of international politics.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit-I

### **Realist Thinkers**

Thucydides:, Causes of War, Historical Context of the Peloponesian War, Melian Dialogue,

The importance of Power

Machiavelli: Critique of the moral tradition,

Hobbes: State of nature, Anarchic state of

nature

Hans Morgenthau: concept of power politics, Six principles of political realism

Keneth Waltz: Causes of war, Levels of

analysis, Structural realism,

E H Carr: Critique on utopian thinking Samuel Huntington: Clash of Civilisation

### **Unit II**

#### **Unit-II Liberal Thinkers**

Emanuel Kant: Perpetual peace, the idea of just war, International Relations and History, Cosmopolitan Rights.

Francis Fukuyama: End of history and

triumphant of liberal ideology

Robert Keohane: power and interdependence

in world politics

E. Hass: Neo-functionalism and world politics

#### Unit III

#### Constructivism

Nicholas Onuf

Alexander Wendt: Social construction of international relations Theory, Three cultures of anarchy

#### **Marxist Thinkers**

Lenin: Imperialism is the highest stage of

capitalism and world politics

Maotse tung

Robert Cox: Hegemony and international

Relations

Gramsci: Concept of hegemony

Jurgen Habermass: Andrew Linklator:

- Alexander Wendt, Social Theory of International Politics, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1999;
- \* Kubalkova, Vendulka, Onuf, Nicholas and Kowert, Paul (eds) International Relations in a Constructed World, Armonk, New York, M.E. Sharpe, 1998.
- Nicholas Onuf, World of Our Making: Rules and Rule in Social Theory and International Relations, Columbia, University of South Carolina Press, 1989, pp. 18–19.
- **E.H.** Carr, The Twenty Years' Crisis, 1919–1939, 2nd edn, London, Macmillan, 1946, pp. 87–88.
- William Fox, 'E.H. Carr and political realism: vision and revision', Review of International Studies 11 (1985), p. 5.
- \$\ \text{Samuel P. Huntington, 'The Clash of Civilizations?' Foreign Affairs 72}
- **\$** (1993), pp. 25–50.
- R. John Vincent, 'The Hobbesian tradition in twentieth century international thought', Millennium: Journal of International Studies 10 (1981), p. 94.
- **\$** Kenneth N. Waltz, Man, The State, and War, New York, Columbia University Press, 1959.
- # Hans Morgenthau, Politics Among Nations, New York, Alfred Knopf, 1948, p. 5.
- \$\ \text{Stanley Hoffmann, 'Hans Morgenthau: the limits and influence of realism', in his collection of essays, Janus and Minerva, Boulder, Westview Press, 1987, p. 76.
- ♣ Martin Griffith, Steven C.Roach and M. Scott Solomon, FIFTY KEY THINKERS IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, London and New York, 2009
- Andrew Linklater, Men and Citizens in International Relations, 2nd edn, London, Macmillan, 1990, p. 77.
- **†** Thucydydes, The Peloponessian War.
- **†** Thomas Hobbes, Leviathan
- # Machiavelli Nicollo, The Prince

Semester VII Credits – 04

# International Law

Objective: This course aims at introducing to the students the nature, history and the working of the international law. It shall highlight the fundamental principles of international law and law of treaties and clearly distinguish between municipal and international law.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Nature. History and Function of International Law: Conceptual understanding and definition International Law, the linkage between International law and International approaches Relations. alternative International Law.

#### **Unit II**

Relationship between Municipal and International Law: Contribution of municipal law in the development of International law, the adoption of tenets of international law in the municipal system, the opposing tendencies and reconciliation of municipal and international law

#### **Fundamental Principles of International**

Law: Charter of the United Nations, the provision of maintenance of friendly relations among nations, changes brought about in the fundamental principles as a result of establishment of the UN and the increase in powers of the developing countries.

#### Unit III

Sources of International Law: Article 38 of the ICJ Statute, Scope of General Principles of Law Recognized by Civilized States Progressive Codification and Development of International Law, Problem of *non-liquet* 

- Cassese, A. (2005), *International Law*, London: Oxford Univesity Press.
- ♣ Alexandrowicz, C.H., (1967), An Introduction to the Law of Nations in the East Indies, Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- Moynihan, Daniel P.(1990), *On the Law of Nations*, New York: Harvard University Press.
- Collier, J. and L. Vaughan, *The Settlement of Disputes in International Law:*

- Institutions and Procedure, London: Oxford University Press.
- **\$\rightarrow\$** Abbott, Kenneth W. and Snidal D. (2000), "Hard and Soft Law in International Governance", *International Organisation*, 54(3):421-456.
- Burley, A.S.(1993), "International Law and International Relations Theory: A Duel Agenda", *American Journal of International Law*, 87(2): 205-239.
- ♣ Abbott, Kenneth W. and Snidal D.(1998), "Why States Act through Formal Institutions", *Journal of Conflict Resolution*, 42(1): 3-32.
- ♣ Keohane, R.(1997), "International Relations and International Law: Two Optics", *Harvard International Law Journal*, 38(2): 487-502.
- Anand, R.P.(1972), *New States and International Law*, Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- Malanczuk, P., *Akehurst's Modern Introduction to International Law*, New York: Routledge.
- Friedman, W.(1964), *The Changing Structure of International Law*, New York: Columbia University Press.
- Lauterpacht, H. (1975), *International Law: Collected Papers, Volume II*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- # Brown, I.(1998), Principles of Public International Law, Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- Mani, V.S. (1993), Basic Principles of Modern International Law, New Delhi: Lancers Books.
- Falk, Richard A.(1986), *Human Rights and Sovereignty*, New York: Holmes and Meyers.
- Chang, Bin (1965), "UN Resolution on Outer Space: 'Instant' International Customary Law", Indian Journal of International Law, 5: 23-48.

Reference: Syllabus of Department of International Relations/Politics, School of Global Studies, Sikkim University.

# **Semester VIII**

# (Each paper carries 4 credits)

- Problems of International Relations
- Thinkers of International Relations- II
- International Organization
- Indian Foreign Policy: Socio-Cultural and Economic Dimensions
- Political Geography

Semester VIII Credits – 04

# **Problems of International Relations**

Objective: This course aims at familiarizing and developing a critical attitude towards the various problems at confront the international economic and political order.

## **Course Content**

#### Unit I

The upheavals and vicissitudes in the international sphere from twentieth century to the current scenario.

The International Scenario in the twentieth century: The Europeanization of world politics, The ascent of Japan, United States and the Soviet Union, the gradual evolution of the international economy

The Inter-War Period 1918-1945: The Paris Peace Conference, the rise of totalitarian systems in Europe (1919-1939), The problems of the western world, World War II in Europe

Cold War Dynamics: Origin and causes of Cold War, Phases of Cold War, Détente, New Cold War, End of Cold War, International System in the Cold War era

The Post Cold War Era: The changes in the power equation of the world powers, the global trends of conflict and cooperation, the causes and consequences of war and peace, the new international social, economic and political order

#### Unit II

Pertinent Issue areas that challenge the stability of the international order: Grandstanding of international actors in the political arena, Global warming and Climate change, Increasing rearmament and weaponisation of the world, Identity Issues, Migration, Human rights and Humanitarian intervention

#### Unit III

Role of international organisations and regional arrangements in solving international disputes and conflicts: Role of the UN, Role of WTO, IMF and World Bank, Role of regional organisations, Role of non-state actors such as multinational corporations civil society, Role of social networking sites

- Baylis, J. Steve S. and Particia O. (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
- Art, Robert J. and Jervis, R. (2008), *International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues*, London: Longman.
- # Buzan, B. (1983), People, States and Fear, Sussex: Wheat Sheaf Books.
- Holsti, K.J.(1995), *International Politics: A Framework for Analysis*, New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- # Halliday, F.(1994), *Rethinking International Relations*, London: Macmillan.
- # Hinsley, F.(1986), *Sovereignty*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Hollis, M. and S. Smith(1988), *Explaining and Understanding International Relations*, Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- \$\ \text{Strange,S.(1996)}, The Retreat of the State, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Buzan,B.(1991), "New Patterns of Global Security in the Twenty First Century", International Affairs, 67(3): 431-451.
- Cederman, L.(1994), "Emergent Polarity: Analysing State Formation and Power Politics", *International Studies Quarterly*, 38(4): 501-533.
- \* Keohane, R. (1984), After Hegemony: Cooperation and Discord in the World Political Economy, Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Rothstein, R.(1976), *The Weak World of the Strong*, New York: Columbia University Press.
- Byman, D. (2005), *Deadly Connections: States that Sponsor Terrorism*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- ♣ Kapur, Paul S.(2005), "India and Pakistan's Unstable Peace: Why Nuclear South Asia is not like Cold War Europe", International Security, 30(2): 127-152.
- ♣ Braun, C. And Chyba, C.F.(2004), "Proliferation Rings: New Challenges to the Nuclear Non-proliferation Regime", International Security,29(2): 5-49.

Semester VIII Credits - 04

# **Thinkers of International Relations II**

Objectives: This course is designed to understand the thinking of philosophy of various thinkers who has contributed to the body of international relations theory. The course captures the thinking of different traditions and time. It will enable students to develop their analytical mind to understand the philosophy of international politics.

## **Course Content**

## **Feminism**

J. Ann Tickner: Theory of feminism in IR

# **International political Ethics**

John Rawls

Micjhael Walzer

# **English School**

Hedly bull

Martin Wight

#### **Post Modernism**

Richard Ashley

Michael Foucault

## **Unit-II**

# **Historical Sociology**

Justin Rosenberg

**Emanuel Wallerstein** 

**Anthony Giddens** 

## **Unit III**

**Indian View on IR Theory** 

Kautilya, Gandhi, Nehru

- Alexander Wendt, Social Theory of International Politics, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1999;
- ♦ Kubalkova, Vendulka, Onuf, Nicholas and Kowert, Paul (eds) International Relations in a Constructed World, Armonk, New York, M.E. Sharpe, 1998.

- Nicholas Onuf, World of Our Making: Rules and Rule in Social Theory and International Relations, Columbia, University of South Carolina Press, 1989, pp. 18– 19.
- E.H. Carr, The Twenty Years' Crisis, 1919–1939, 2nd edn, London, Macmillan, 1946, pp. 87–88.
- William Fox, 'E.H. Carr and political realism: vision and revision', Review of International Studies 11 (1985), p. 5.
- \$\ Samuel P. Huntington, 'The Clash of Civilizations?' Foreign Affairs 72
- **\$** (1993), pp. 25–50.
- R. John Vincent, 'The Hobbesian tradition in twentieth century international thought', Millennium: Journal of International Studies 10 (1981), p. 94.
- **\$\ \text{Kenneth N. Waltz, Man, The State, and War, New York, Columbia University Press, 1959.**
- # Hans Morgenthau, Politics Among Nations, New York, Alfred Knopf, 1948, p. 5.
- \$\ \text{Stanley Hoffmann, 'Hans Morgenthau: the limits and influence of realism', in his collection of essays, Janus and Minerva, Boulder, Westview Press, 1987, p. 76.
- ♣ Martin Griffith, Steven C.Roach and M. Scott Solomon, FIFTY KEY THINKERS IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, London and New York, 2009
- Andrew Linklater, Men and Citizens in International Relations, 2nd edn, London, Macmillan, 1990, p. 77.
- # Thucydydes, The Peloponessian War.
- **†** Thomas Hobbes, Leviathan
- Machiavelli Nicollo, The Prince

Semester VIII Credits – 04

# **International Organization**

Objective: This course aims at introducing the nature, genesis and relevance of international organizations in the current international scenario.

#### Course Content

#### Unit I

# **Introduction to International Organizations:** Rational and Scope

# **Theory of International Organisations:**

Liberalism, neoliberalism, functionalism, institutionalism, realist/non-realist, constructivism, Global governance

**Global Governance**: An Overview from the past to the present, Theoretical aspects of global governance

#### Unit II

The United Nations: Origin and evolution, UN Charter, Organs of the UN, Specialised Agencies, Peacekeeping Operations, adhoc missions and permanent engagement, Human Rights

# **United Nations in the Present Scenario:**

Reforming the United Nations, UN and Humanitarian intervention, UN and its role in world politics

#### **Unit III**

International Organisations in different sectors: Bretton Woods Institutions, GATT, WTO, the role of Non-state Actors and international civil society in global governance, the corporate world

The appraisal of global governance and attempts at democratising international organisations.

- ♣ Abbot, K. and Snidal, D.(1998), "Why States Act Through Formal Organizations", Journal of Conflict Resolution Vol. 42(1): 3-32.
- Alger, Chadwick F.(1994), "Citizens and the UN System in a Changing World", in Sakamoto, Yashikazu, (eds). Global Transformation: Challenges to the State System Tokyo: UNU Press.
- Carlsson, Ingar (1995), "The UN at 50: A Time to Reform", *Foreign Policy*, Vol. 100:3-31

- Goodrich, L.M.(1974), *United Nations in a Changing World*, New York: Columbia University Press.
- \* Keohane, Robert O. (1998), "International Institutions: Can Interdependence Work?" *Foreign Policy*, 110: 82-96.
- ♣ Kratochwil, F. and J. Ruggie, John (1986), "International Organization: A State of the Art of the Art of the State", *International Organization*, Vol. 40(4.): 753-775.
- Meisler, S. (1997), *United Nations: First Fifty Years*, New York: Atlantic Monthly Press.
- Nye, Joesph S., "Globalisation's Democratic Deficit- How to make International Institutions More Accountable", Foreign Affairs, July-August: 2-6.
- Rajan, M.S. (eds.) (1996), *United Nations at 50 and Beyond*, New Delhi: Lancers Book.
- Rochester, J. M. (1986), "The Rise and Fall of International Organization as a Field of a Study", *International Organisation* 40(4): 777-813.
- Ruggie, J. (2001), "Global\_governance.net: The Global Compact as Learning Network", *Global Governance*, Vol.7: 371-378.
- Strange, S. (1971), "United Nations and International Economic relations" In Twitchett, Kenneth B.ed., *The Evolving United Nations: Prospects for Peace*, London: Europa.
- Thakur, R. and A. Schnabe (eds.) (2001), The United Nations Peacekeeping Operations: AdHoc Missions and Permanent Engagement, Tokyo: UN University Press.
- Thakur, R. (1994), "Human Rights: Amnesty International and the United Nations", *Journal of Peace Research*, 31(2): 141-160.
- Tyagi, Y.K.(1995), "Golden Jubilee of an Unfinished Task: United Nations Human Rights Movement", *International Studies*, 32(4): 441-459.

Reference: Syllabus of Department of International Relations/Politics, School of Global Studies, Sikkim University.

Semester VIII Credits - 04

# Indian Foreign Policy: Socio, Cultural and Economic Dimension

Course Objective: This course focuses on the foundation aspect of foreign policy of India, as it through light on the mechanism of its making and implementation. This course aims to make aware students about the economic and cultural aspect of Indian foreign policy.

#### **Course Content**

## **Unit-I**

# **Making of Indian Foreign Policy**

- Institutions
- Structure and Processes
- Determinants

#### **Unit-II**

# **Indian Economic Policy**

- Nehruvian/socialist Phase
- Liberalisation phase

### **India's Foreign Trade Policy**

- Trade with Developed Economies
- Trade with Emerging Economies
- India and South-South Trade Cooperation
- India and the Regional Cooperation/Integration-SAFTA and ASEAN
- Economic Groupings G-77 and G-20

## **Unit-III**

# Socio-Cultural Dimensions: 'Soft Power' and Foreign Policy

- Transnational Cultural Linkages
- Indian Diaspora as Foreign policy's leverage
- Culture, Media, Films, Literature and Sports

# **Text and Reference Books**

 Dixit, J.N. (2004), Makers of India's Foreign Policy, Harper Collins Publication, India.

- Chakrabarty, Bidyut (May 1992), *Jawaharlal Nehru and Planning*, 1938-41: India at the Crossroads, Modern Asian Studies, Vol. 26, No. 2. pp. 275-287.
- Thakur, Ramesh (1994), *The Politics and Economics of India's Foreign Policy*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Mukherjee, Aditya and Mridula Mukherjee (12 March 1988), Imperialism and the Growth of Indian capitalism in the Twentieth Century, Economic and Political Weekly, pp.531-546.
- Terrence, Byres J. (ed.) (1994), *The State, Development Planning and the Liberalisation in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Bajpai, Kanti *India's Grand Strategy*.
- Ganguly, Sumit (ed.) (2003), *India as an Emerging Power*, Frank Cass and Company, London.
- Bhagvati, Jagdish (1994), *India in Transition. Freeing the Economy* (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Kamath, Bharathi, Energy Security of India in the 21st Century, ICFAI Business School,
- Mansingh, Lalit et al, eds. (1998), *Indian Foreign Policy: Agenda for the 21st Century*, Vol.1 and 2, New Delhi: Foreign Services Institute with Konark, New Delhi.
- Kamat, P. M. (1999), Emerging International Order and Foreign Policy Options for India Indian Academy of Social Sciences,
- Sinha, A. and M. Mohta (eds) (2003), *Indian Foreign Policy: Challenges and Opportunities*, Academic Foundation, New Delhi.
- Bajpai, Kanti, Foreign Policy Dilemmas, Seminar 519, Delhi, (2002).
- Shukul, H. C, *India's Foreign Policy: The Strategy of Ionalignment* (Chanakya Publications, 1993)

Semester VIII Credits - 04

# Political Geography

# **Objectives**

This module is designed to give an introduction and overview to the varied discipline of Political Geography. The course contextualise the study of Political Geography within the wider discipline, to enable students to understand the field its development and contemporary debates such as nationalism, identity and sovereignty.

#### **Course Content**

## Unit I

# **Introduction to political Geography**

Meaning and scope of political geography:

definition, nature and scope of Political geography

functional approach and unified field theory

Relevance of political geography

Space territory and state: element of state, laws of spatial growth of state Frontiers and boundaries: concepts and classification, continental and maritime boundaries, case studies

Emergence of territorial state: core area, capital and capital regions, growth, consoloidation and disintegration of empires, Idea of nation state and federalism

#### Unit II

#### **Nationalism and national Conflicts**

Territorial bases of nationalism Ethno-territorialism in practice – Caucasus The geographical study of conflicts After the fighting stops – postwar outcomes

Climate change and conflict – is there a connection?
Global climate change – geopolitical implications

# Unit III **Geopolitics and Geostrategy**

Principal concept and exponents, global geopolitical and geostrategic patterns, Changing perspectives and perceptions of a world order: National images and International systems.

Ecological Perspective on Foreign policy: Geographical determinants of foreign policy, Geopolitics of linkages Patterns, Environment and Developmental Imperatives

Classical geopolitics – "Family Tree", Heartland theory and Eurasia, German (Nazi) geopolitics, Cold War US geopolitics

Post-911 American geopolitics

- Agnew J. Geopolitics: Revisioning World Politics. London: Routledge, 2003.
- \* Anderson, B. Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origins and Spread of Nationalism. New York: Verso, 1991.
- ♣ Barnett and M. Low (eds) Spaces of Democracy. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage, 2004, 23-46.
- Barnett, Jon, "The geopolitics of climate change." Geography Compass 1 (6), 2007, 1361-1375.
- Collier, P. et al. Breaking the Conflict Trap. Washington DC: World Bank, 2003.
- ◆ Dahlman, C. and G Ó Tuathail "Broken Bosnia: The Localized Geopolitics of Displacement and Return in Two Bosnian Places' Annals, Association of American Geographers 95 (2005) 644-662.
- Flint, C. and P.J. Taylor Political Geography: World-system, nation-state and locality. 5th ed.
- Friedman, T. "It's a Flat World, After All" The New York Times Magazine, (April 3, 2005).
- Grant, R. and J. Nijman, "The Rescaling of Uneven Development in Ghana and India", Tijdschrift voor Economische en Sociale Geografie 95 (2004) 467-481.
- # John L. Allen, Student Atlas of World Politics, Fifth Edition McGraw-Hill/Duskin, 2002. ISBN0-072-51191-5.
- ♣ Kaplan, R. "The revenge of geography" Foreign Policy 172: May-June 2009, pp. 96-105, and responses by political geographers "Revenge of geographers" at Foreign Policy online
- Kolstoe, P. "The sustainability and future of unrecognized quasi-states" Journal of Peace Research 43, 2006, 723–740.
- ♣ LeBillon, P. "The political geography of resource wars", in C. Flint (ed) The Geography of War and Peace: From Death Camps to Diplomats. New York: Oxford University Press, 2005, 241
- \$\text{London: Longman, 2000.}
- Martin I. Glassner, Political Geography, Third Edition. New York: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2002. ISBN 0-471-35266-7.
- National Academy of Sciences Report "Climate and Social Stress: Implications for Security Analysis" Washington DC: National Research Council, 2012 (executive summary) New York: Pearson, 2007.
- Taylor, P.J. and C. Flint Political Geography: World-system, nation-state and locality. 4th ed.
- Walton, Douglas. 2007. Media Argumentation: Dialect, Persuasion and Rhetoric. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- ♣ Zakaria, F. "The rise of illiberal democracy." Foreign Affairs 76 (6), 1997, 22-43.er, Katrin. 2008. The Media in Transitional Democracies, Cambridge: Polity.

# **Semester IX**

# (Each paper carries 4 credits)

# **ELECTIVE PAPERS**

- Foreign Policy of the United States since the Second World
- European Union in External Affairs
- Foreign Policy of New Russia
- Middle East in World Affairs
- Conduct of States in the context of International Law
- Peace and Conflict Studies

Semester IX Credits – 04

# Foreign Policy of the United States since the Second World WaR

Objective: This course aims at providing an overview of the role of the United States in shaping world politics since the Second World War. The paper shall also throw light on the engagements of the US in regional conflicts and its involvement and stance on issues of international concern.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

An Overview of the Sources of American foreign policy: External sources, Societal sources, Governmental Sources

Goals of American Foreign Policy in Historical Perspective: Expansionism, Imperialism, Isolationism

Foreign Policy Pattern since 1945: Globalism. Threat perceptions: anticommunism, Soviet Union as an adversary, Cold War and interpretation of its origin, Containment Phase: Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, Alliance Formation, Military Preparedness, Strategic Doctrines, Detente: Linkage theory, End of Cold War: End of History, Victory of Democracy, Globalisation, Clash of Civilisations, War on Terrorism: Post-Post Cold War Phase

#### **Unit II**

Regional Conflicts and US Engagements: Cuban Missile Crisis, Nicaraguan Conflict, Korean War, Vietnam War, Arab-Israeli Conflict, Bosnia and Kosovo Crisis, Kashmir, Gulf War-I, Gulf War-II, Afghanistan, Humanitarian Interventions.

#### **Unit III**

Major Foreign Policy Issues and Concerns: Indo-US relations, Sino-American Relations, Nuclear non-proliferation, Arms Control and Disarmament, Managing International Trade, Human Rights, UN and Peace-keeping, US-Pakistan Relations, US-Afghanistan Relations.

- ♣ Ambrose, Stephen E.(1990), Rise to Globalism: American Foreign Policy since 1938, New York: Penguin.
- ♣ Bacewich, Andrew J.(2004), American Empire: The Realities and Consequences of US Diplomacy, United States: Harvard University Press.
- Mead, Walter R.(2002), "American Foreign Policy Legacy", Foreign Affairs, 81(1): 163-176.
- ♣ Jentleson, Bruce W. (2000), American Foreign Policy: The Dynamics of Choice in the 21st Century, New York: Norton.

- # Brzezinski, Z.(1997), The Grand Chessboard: American Primacy and Its Geostrategic Imperatives, USA: Basic Books.
- ♣ Dobson, Alan P. and M. Steve (2001), US Foreign Policy since 1945, New York: Routledge.
- Gillon, Steve M.(2003), *The American Paradox: A History of the United States since* 1945, New York: Houghton Mifflin Co.
- Lock-Pullan, R. (2006), US Intervention Policy and Army Innovation from Vietnam to Iraq, New York: Routledge.
- \$\rightharpoonup\$ Schwab, O.(2009), The Gulf Wars and the United States: Shaping the Twenty-first Century, Washington D.C.: Library of Congress
- ♣ Lennon, Alexander T. and E.Camille (2004), Reshaping Rogue States: Pre-emption, Regime Change and US policy towards Iran, Iraq and North Korea, Cambridge: MIT Press.
- thintamani, M.(2009), *The US Approach towards Islamic World in the Post 9/11 Era*, New Delhi: Academic Foundation.

Reference: Syllabus of Centre for Canadian, US and Latin American Studies (M.A. Course), Jawaharlal Nehru University.

Semester IX Credits – 04

# European Union in External Affairs

Objective: This course aims at introducing to the students all the facets of the European Union in external affairs. The paper shall throw light on the role of the European Union in the political and economic sphere and its contribution towards international stability.

## **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Historical Overview of EU external relations: Common Foreign Policy, Common Defence and Security Policy, The European-American equation, Lisbon Treaty

**European Neighbourhood Policy:**Relations with Balkans and Turkey,
European Union's Partnership with African,
Carribean and Pacific Countries

#### Unit II

EU as an International Economic Actor: Might of the EU economy, EU's involvement in international economic transactions, Monetary fluctuations and financial crises

#### **Unit III**

EU's involvement in the world: Environment, International Crime, Good Governance, Human rights, Peace-keeping Operations

- Tony, B.(2010), "The Appointments of Heman Von Rompuy and Catherine Ashton", *Journal of Common Market Studies*, 8: 55-67.
- Toje, A. (2011), "The European Union as a Small Power", *Journal of Common Market Studies*, 49(1): 43-60.
- Mika, L.(2004), "Arm versus Pillar": The Politics of Metaphors of the Western European Union at the 1990-91 Inter-governmental Conference on Political Union", *Journal of European Public Policy*, 11(1): 106-127.
- Gregory, M. (2009), "Civilian Crisis Management and the External Dimension of

- JHA: Inceptive Functional and Institutional Similarities", *Journal of European Integration*, 31(1): 45-64.
- Simon, D.(2009), "Consensus Building in ESDP: The Lessons of Operation Artemis", *International Politics*, 46(4): 395-412.
- ♣ Daniel, Thomas, C.(2009), "Rejecting the EU Challenge to the International Criminal Court: Normative Entrapment and Comprise in EU Policy-Making," *International Politics*, 46(4): 376-394.
- **♣** Balfour, J.(2008), "EC External Aviation Relations: The Community's Increasing Role and the new EC/US Agreement," *Common Market Law Review*, 45(2): 443-464.
- Hiski, H.(2008), "The European Union as a Regional Normative Hegemon: The Case of European Neighbourhood Policy", *Europe-Asia Studies*, 60(9): 1601-1622.
- Fischer, S.(2009), "The European Union and Security in the Black Sea Region after the Georgia Crisis", Southeast European and Black Sea Studies, 9(3): 333-349.
- Scherpereel, John A. (2010) "European Culture and the European Union's Turkey Question", West European Politics, 33(4): 810-829.
- Noutcheva, G.(2009), "Fake, Partial and Imposed Compliance: the Limits of the EU's Normative Power in the Western Balkans", *Journal of European Public Policy*,16 (7):1065-1084.
- \$\rightharpoonup \text{Steven. M. and J. Lindeque(2010), "The Diminishing Returns to Trade Policy in the European Union", *Journal of Common Market Studies*, 48(5): 1329-1349.
- Featherstone, K. (2011), "The Greek Sovereign Debt Crisis and EMU: A Failing State in a Skewed Regime", *Journal of Common Market Studies*, 49(2): 193-217.
- the Charles, P. and K. Christer (2010), "Climate Change and the European Union's Leadership Moment: An Inconvenient Truth?, *Journal of Common Market Studies*, 48(4): 923-943.
- \$\ \text{Sarah,W.(2009), "The Mediterranean Dimension of EU Counter-terrorism", Journal of European Integration, 31(1): 137-156.
- Askola, H.(2007), "Violence against Women, Trafficking and Migration in the European Union", *European Law Journal*, 13(2): 204-217.

Reference: Syllabus of University of Illinois, Advanced and Undergraduate Course.

Semester IX Credits – 04

# Foreign Policy of New Russia

Objective: This course aims at familiarizing the students with the transformation of Soviet Foreign Policy and the emergence of New Russia and its stature, power and role in international politics. It also aims to throw light on Russia's engagement with the rest of the world.

## **Course Content**

#### Unit I

**Historical Background:** Major Principles of Soviet Foreign Policy, Perestroika and Transformation of Soviet Foreign Policy

#### Unit II

Foreign Policy of New Russia: Domestic Roots of Russia's Foreign Policy, The Foreign Policy and National Security Concepts of Russian Federation, Evolution of foreign policy of New Russia since 1991

#### **Unit III**

Russia's relations with the Regions and Countries of the World: Russia's relations with the US and the European Union, Russia and NATO, Russia and the CIS, Russia and Asia with special reference to India and China.

- Allison, R.(2008), "Russia Resurgent? Moscow's Campaign to Coerce Georgia to Peace", *International Affairs*, 84(6): 1145-1171.
- Bobo L.(2003), *Vladimir Putin and the Evolution of Russian Foreign Policy*, Oxford: Blackwell Publishers.
- ♣ Bobo, L.(2002), Russian Foreign Policy in the Post-Soviet Era: Reality, Illusion and Mythmaking, New York: Palgrave.
- Buszynski, L. (2003), "Russia and the Commonwealth of Independent States in 2002: Going Separate Ways", *Asian Survey*, 43(1): 15-24.
- thenoy, A.(2001), *The Making of New Russia*, New Delhi: Har Anand Publishers.
- Chopra, V.D.(2001), *Indo-Russian Relations: Prospects, Problems and Russia Today*, New Delhi: Kalpaz Publications.
- Fawn, R.(2003), Realignments in Russian Foreign Policy, London: Frank Cass.
- ♣ Harshe, R.(1998), "India and Russia in a Changing World", Economic and Political Weekly,33(9): 457-460.
- Ivanov, I.(2001), "The New Russian Identity: Innovation and Continuity in Russian Foreign Policy", *The Washington Quarterly*,24(3): 7-13.

- ♣ Jha, S. and B. Sarkar (2002), *Amidst Turbulence and Hope: Transition in Russian and Eastern Europe*, New Delhi: Lancer Books.
- \$\ Jones, Scott A.(2003), Whither Ukraine? Weapons, State Building and International Cooperation, UK: Ashgate Publishing.
- \* Kanet, Roger E and V. Alexander, Kazhemiakin, (1997), *The Foreign Policy of Russian Federation*, Germany: Macmillan.
- ♣ Kanet, Roger E.(2005), *The New Security Environment: The Impact on Russia, Central and Eastern Europe*, Aldershot, UK: Ashgate Publishing.
- ♣ Mandelbaum, M.(1998), *The New Russian Foreign Policy*, New York: Council of Foreign Relations.
- Prassana, P.(2002), *India and Russia: Towards Strategic Partnership*, New Delhi: Samskriti.

Reference: Syllabus of Centre for Russian and Central Asian Studies (M.A. Course), Jawaharlal Nehru University.

Semester IX Credits - 04

# Middle East in World Affairs

Objective: This module is designed to give an introduction and overview about the Middle East in world affairs. The course focuses on the emergence of the state system in Middle East and its interaction among nations within the region and around the globe.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Approaches to the International Relations of the Middle East

The Emergence of the State System in Middle east

#### **Unit-II**

The Middle East in the Cold War

The Middle East since the Cold War

Transnationalism and the State System:

Nationalism and Islamism

International Political Economy of the Middle East

# **Unit III**

Major Powers and the Middle East: The US and the EU

Regionalism and Security in the Middle East

The Arab-Israeli conflict: Background, impact of the October 1973 War and détente.

The Arab-Israeli Conflict (1991-

The Iraqi Issue

Emergence of Iran as Regional Power

Growing importance of the Gulf, Oil and the Energy Crisis. Emergence of Iran as a new factor in West Asian Politics.

- † 'The Broader Middle East and North Africa Initiative: Imperiled at Birth' International Crisis Group, Brussels/Amman, 7 June 2004.
- Anoushirivan Ehteshami, Globalization and Geopolitics in the Middle East: Old Games, New Rules (UK: Routledge, 2007) Introduction and Ch. 6. Fawcett (ed) International Relations of the Middle East, Chs. 6, 13 and 14.
- As'ad AbuKhalil.'A New Arab Ideology: Rejuvenation of Arab Nationalism,' The Middle East Journal, Vo. 46, No. 1, Winter 1992, pp. 22-36.
- # Birthe Hansen, Unipolarity and the Middle East (London: Curzon, 2000) Ch. 2.
- Fawaz A. Gerges, 'The Study of Middle East International Relations: A Critique' British Journal of Middle Eastern Studies, Vol. 18, No. 2, 1991.
- Fawcett (ed) International Relations of the Middle East (Oxford University Press,

2005)

- Fred Halliday, The Middle East in International Relations: Power, Politics and Ideology (UK: Cambridge University Press, 2005)
- # Hansen, Unipolarity and the Middle East, Ch. 3.
- # Hinnebusch, The International Politics of the Middle East, Ch. 8.
- # L.Carl. Brown, International Politics and the Middle East (Princeton: Princeton
- Peter Mandaville, Global Political Islam (NY: Routledge, 2007) Chs. 8-10.
- Raymond Hinnebusch and Anoushirvan Ehteshami (eds) The Foreign Policies of the Middle East States (Boulder: Lynne Reinner, 2002) Introduction (Hinnebusch) and Conclusion (Ehteshami).
- \* Richard Youngs. 'Europe's Uncertain Pursuit of Middle Eastern Reform,' Carnegie Papers, No. 45, June 2004.

Semester IX Credits – 04

# Conduct of States in the Context of International Law

Objective: This course aims at introducing to the students the subjects of international law, the jurisdiction of the state, state responsibility in relation to abiding by the law and the law of international organization.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

**Subjects of International Law:** States as primary subject, Recognition of States and Non-state entities (liberation movements and individuals)

#### Unit II

Jurisdiction of State: **Functional** requirements of statehood, Right to Selfdetermination and emergence of 'new states', Modes of Acquisition of Title to Territory, Sovereign jurisdiction [including air space and maritime boundaries] and exceptions, Extra-territorial iurisdiction [diplomatic missions; ships; aircraft; universal crimes etc.],Diplomatic Immunities and Privileges, Extradition and Asylum

State Responsibility: Basis and Nature of State responsibility, Objective Responsibility, Legal Injury to the State and issue of 'reparations', *Train Smelter Arbitration (1941)*; *Corfu Channel* case (1949); *Iicaragua* case (1986); *Gabsicovo v. Nagymaros* case (1997), The International Law Commission and "The Draft Articles on Responsibility of States for internationally wrongful acts"

#### Unit III

# Law of International Organization

Quest for 'functional' institutionalized form of cooperation, Legal Personality of IOs; *Reparations for Injuries* case (1949)

International Human Rights Law: UN Charter and International Law of Human Rights, rights of refugees, minorities, indigenous people, humanitarian intervention and international law.

Law of the Sea and Watercourse Law: Laws governing maritime boundaries, marine pollution and marine scientific research

- Anand, R.P.(1972), *New States and International Law*, Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- Malanczuk, P., *Akehurst's Modern Introduction to International Law*, New York: Routledge.
- Friedman, W.(1964), *The Changing Structure of International Law*, New York: Columbia University Press.
- Lauterpacht, H. (1975), *International Law: Collected Papers, Volume II*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- **\$** Brown, I.(1998), *Principles of Public International Law*, Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- Blix, H.M.(1971), Contemporary Problems of Recognition: Collected Courses of the Hague Academy of International Law 1970, Leyden: Sijthoff.
- Gandhi, P.R. and Barker, J.C. "The Pinochet Judgement: Analysis and Implications", *Indian Journal of International Law*, 40: 657-709.
- Mani, V.S. (1998), "Unilateral Imposition of Sanctions through Extraterritorial Application of Domestic Laws: A Tale of Two US Statues", *Indian Journal of International Law*, 38:210-217.
- Nawaz, M.K.(1952), "Criminal Jurisdiction and International Law", *Indian Yearbook of International Affairs*, 1: 210-217.
- **♦** Bowett, D.W.(1982), *The Law of International Institutions*, London: Stevens.
- **\$\rightarrow\$** Khan, R.(1970), *Implied Powers of the United Nations*, Delhi: Vikas Publications.
- # Mitrany, D.(1966), A Working Peace System, Chicago: Quadrangle Books.
- \$\therefore\ther
- Anand, R.P.(1997), "Common Heritage of Mankind: Mutilation of an Ideal", *Indian Journal of International Law*, 37: 1-18.
- \$\Psi\$ Khan, R. (1985), "Transfer of Marine Technology", *Indian Journal of International Law*, 25:262-269.

Reference: Syllabus of Department of International Relations/Politics, School of Global Studies, Sikkim University.

Semester IX Credits – 04

# Peace and Conflict Studies

**Course Objective:** This course is about Peace and Conflict studies. It is also about important developments in post-cold war period and about crucial and enduring contemporary problems such as terrorism, related ethnic wars, oil politics and different security perspectives.

#### **Course Content**

# Unit-I

# **Peace and Conflict Studies: Concepts**

- Understanding Conflict
- Conflict Management, Conflict Resolution and Conflict Transformation
- Peace Building

# **Dominant Concepts of Security**

- Traditional Security and Threat Perceptions
- Nuclear Weapons and Security through Deterrence
- Disarmament Measures: Chemical, Biological and Nuclear Weapons

#### **Unit-II**

# **Internal and Transnational Security Issues**

- Ethnicity and Culture
- Terrorism
- Demography
- Narcotics
- Politics of Oil
- Ecological Dangers

# **Unit-III**

# **Alternative Perspectives on Security**

- Feminist Critique
- Cooperative Security, Common Security, Collective Security, Comprehensive Security
- Human Security and Development
- UN Peace-Keeping and Peace-Keeping

# **Conflict Resolution: Skills And Techniques**

- Negotiations: Trust Building
- Mediation: Skill Building; Active Listening
- Track I, Track II & Multi Track Diplomacy
- Gandhian Methods

- O. Ramsbotham, T. Woodhouse and H. Miall (2011), Understanding Contemporary Conflict in Contemporary Conflict Resolution, (Third Edition), Polity Press, Cambridge, pp. 94-122.
- W. Zartman (1995), Dynamics and Constraints In Negotiations In Internal Conflicts', in William Zartman (ed.), Elusive Peace: Negotiating an End to Civil Wars, The Brookings Institute, Washington, pp. 3-29.
- P. Wallensteen (2012), Armed Conflicts: in *Understanding Conflict Resolution*, (Third Edition), Sage Publication, London, pp. 13-28.
- J.S. Goldstein (2008), *International Relations*, Sixth Edition, Pearson Publishers, New Delhi.
- D. Held & A. McGrew (eds.) (2000), *The Global Transformations Reader: An Introduction to the Globalization Debate*, Polity Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom.
- Shahrbanou Tadjbakhsh and Anuradha Chenoy (2008), *Human Security*, Routledge Publishers, Delhi.
- P. Hirst (2001), *War and Power in the 21st Century*, Polity Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom.
- J Bercovitch, V. Kremenyuk, and I. Zartman (eds.) (2009), *The Sage Hand Book of Conflict Resolution*, Sage Publications, London.
- M. Steger (2001), Peacebuilding and Non-Violence: Gandhi's Perspective on Power, in
   D. Christie, R. Wagner and D. Winter, (eds.), Peace, Conflict, and Violence: Peace
   Psychology for the 21st Century Englewood Cliffs, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey.
- C. Mitchell (2002), Beyond Resolution: What Does Conflict Transformation Actually Transform?, in Peace and Conflict Studies, May, pp.1-23.
- S. Ryan (1990), Conflict Management and Conflict Resolution, in Terrorism and Political Violence, pp. 54-71.

# **Semester X**

(Each paper carries 4 credits each)

Students have to choose two papers with dissertation or four papers without dissertation. For students who are opting for dissertation, research methodology paper will be compulsory.

- Research Methods in International Relations
- International Political Economy
- Globalization and International Relations
- Regionalism in International Relations
- Negotiation, Diplomacy and International Conflict

Semester X Credits - 04

# **Research Method in International Relations**

**Objectives:** The course is introduced to establish a general familiarity with the research methods and techniques needed for analyzing international relations. This includes a broad understanding of the discipline, the ideas and foundational concepts employed, research design, qualitative and quantitative methods, data collection, and data analysis. The course also introduces some of the debates in Research Methodology so as to acquaint the students with them. Students have to prepare a research proposal and present it as part of the course towards the completion of the course.

## **Course Content**

#### Unit I

# **Understanding International Relations as** a Field of Study

Introduction of the field of international relations, Methodology and approaches, Substantive Fields of International Relations

#### Philosophy of Science

Restructuring Social Science, Human Inquiry, Paradigm, Theory and Social Research, Ethics and Politics of Social Research

#### **Concepts in social ressearch**

Need of Social Research, Theory and Methods, Dimension of Research The Meanings of Methodology Inductive and Deductive Methods, Fact-Value Dichotomy, Empiricism, Positivism, Logical Positivism, Humanism, Hermeneutics and Phenomenology, Falsification.

#### Unit II

**Levels of Analysis in International Relations**System Analysis, Decision Making, Game
Theory, Communication

# **Qualitative and Quantitative Methods**

Ethnography, Phenomenology, Rational Choice, Comparative Study Conceptualization, Operationalization, and Measurement The Logic of Sampling, Survey Research, Case Studies, Data Collection and Data Analysis

#### **Designing Research Proposal**

Research Puzzle, Hypotheses, Variables Research Proposal Presentations

## **Text and Reference Books**

- **\** Baert, Patrick, Social Theory in the Twentieth Century (Polity, 1998)
- Brecher, Michael, and Frank P. Harvey, eds. *Millennial Reflections on International Studies* (Ann Arbor: University of Michigan Press, 2002).
- Elman, Colin, and Miriam Fendius Elman, eds. *Progress in International Relations Theory: Appraising the Field* (Cambridge, MA: MIT Press, 2003).
- Evera, Stephen Van, Guide to Methods for Students of Political Science. Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1997.
- Gordon, Scott, *The History and Philosophy of Social Science* (Routledge, 1991)
- # Harvey, Frank P. and Michael Brecher (Editors), *Evaluating Methodology in International Studies* (Millennial Reflections on International Studies) University of Michigan Press, 2002.
- King, Gary, Robert O. Keohane and Sidney Verba. Designing Social Inquiry: Scientific Inference in Qualitative Research (Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press, 1994).
- Nachmias, C., & Nachmias, D. *Research Methods in the Social Sciences* (4<sup>th</sup> ed.). New York: St. Martin's Press, 1992.
- ♣ Spoull, N.L. *Handbook of Research Methods: A Guide for Practitioners and Students in the Social Sciences.* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). Metuchen, NJ: Scarecrow Press, 1995.
- Strauss, Anselm and Juliet Corbin, , Basics of Qualitative Research: Techniques and Procedures for Developing Grounded Theory, 2nd Edition. Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications, 1998.

Reference: Syllabus of Department of International Relations/Politics, School of Global Studies, Sikkim University.

Semester X Credits – 04

# **International Political Economy**

Objective: This course aims at familiarizing the students with the different theoretical approached to political economy, the international economic order, the economic trajectory of developing nations, regional economic cooperation and the role of multinational corporations.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

Theories of Political Economy: Classical Liberalism, Neo-liberalism ,Marxism, Welfarism, Neo-liberalism, Theories of cooperation

Theories of International Trade- Customs Union Theory, Theories of Business Cycle, Cartel Theory

Understanding the relation between the State and Market

#### **Unit II**

#### **International Economic Institutions:**

Making sense of the international economic order with special emphasis upon WTO, World Bank and IMF.

#### **Unit III**

**Developing Nations and International Trade:** UNCTAD and NIEO, Uruguay and Doha Round, new protectionism, South-south cooperation.

**Regional Economic Integration Models:** APEC, EU and SAARC

The role of Multinational Corporations in the global economy

- Arblaster, A. (2006) 'The Rise and Decline of Western Liberalism' in Lal, D. *Reviving the Invisible Hand: The Case for Classical Liberalism in the Twentyfirst Century.* Princeton: Princeton University Press, pp. 1-8, 17-30, and 48-51.
- ♣ Balaam, David N. And Michael Veseth (2001), Introduction to International Political Economy, New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Fisher, J. (2003) Non-governments NGOs and the Political Development in the Third World. Jaipur: Rawat.

- Ghosh, B.N. (2007) *Gandhian Political Economy: Principles, Practice and Policy*. Ashgate Publishing Limited, pp. 21-88.
- Gilpin, R. (2003) Global Political Economy: Understanding the International Economic Order. Hyderabad: Orient Longman.
- Gilpin, R.(1987), *The Political Economy of International Relations*, Princenton N.J.: Princeton University Press.
- Glen, J. (2007), *Globalization: North-South Perspectives*. London: Routledge.
- ♣ Harvey, D. (2005) A *Brief History of Neo-liberalism*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 1-206.
- \* Kersbergen, K.V. and Manow, P. (2009) *Religion, Class Coalition and Welfare State*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, chapters 1 and 10, pp. 1-38; 266-295
- Mandel, E. (1979) *An Introduction to Marxist Economic Theory*. New York: Pathfinder
- Omahe, K. (2004) 'The End of the Nation State', L. Lechner, F. J and Boli, J. (eds.) The Globalization Reader. Oxford: Blackwell.
- Phukan, M. (1998) The Rise of the Modern West: Social and Economic History of Early Modern Europe. Delhi: Macmillan India.
- Singh, S. (1997) *Taming the Waters: The Political Economy of Large Dams in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Tomlinson, J. (2004) 'Cultural Imperialism' in Lechner, F. J and Boli, J. (eds.) *The Globalization Reader*. Oxford: Blackwell.
- Joan S. and H. Jeffrey (1996), *The Politics of International Economic Relations*, New York: St. Martin's Press.

Reference: Syllabus of Department of International Relations/Politics, School of Global Studies, Sikkim University.

Semester X Credits – 04

# Globalization and International Relations

Objective: This course aims at providing the students with a holistic view of the phenomenon of globalization and its impact on international affairs.

#### **Course Content**

#### Unit I

# The Concept of Globalisation:

Viewpoints, approaches, characteristics and spheres of globalization.

Tracing the process of Globalisation: Evolution of the concept and theoretical background, mobility of information, movement of people, goods, services, information, technology and ideas.

#### **Unit II**

**Economic Globalization:** The globalised international economic system, the power, role and influence of non-state economic actors, the impact of international trade and transactions of the world at large.

Political Globalisation: Changing role of the state in the era of globalization, an assessment of the consciousness, awareness and empowerment of the people as a consequent effect of globalization, the impact and pressure of new social movements and civil society upon the state, the relevance of non-state actors in governance of the state.

#### Unit III

Cultural Globalization: Cultural homogenization: a threat to indigenous cultures?, the phenomena of information overload and its effects, social networking, change in lifestyles and beliefs and their impact on traditional ties and relationships.

Globalization and Security Debates: Clash of civilizations, the changing nature of war, the increase in power and stronghold of non-state actors, human security, invasion of privacy.

- Baylis, J, Steve S. and Patricia O. (2011), *The Globalisation of World Politics An Introduction to International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
- **\** Beck, U., *What is Globalization*? (Cambridge: Polity Press, 1999)
- **\$\rightarrow\$** Brawley, Mark R.(2002), *The Politics of Globalisation*, Peterborough, Ontario: The Broadview Press.
- Clark, I.(1999), *Globalization and International Relations Theory*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Obstfeld, M. and Taylor A.M.(2004), *Global Capital Markets: Integration, Crisis and Growth*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Radice, H.(2000), "Globalisation and National Capitalism: Theorizing Convergence and Differentiation", *Review of International Political Economy*, 7(4): 719-742.
- Ritzer, G.(2007), *The Blackwell Companion to Globalisation*, London: Blackwell Publishing.
- Rosenberg, J. (2000), *The Follies of Globalisation Theory: Polemical Essays*, London: Verso.
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- \$\ \text{Strange,S.(1996)}\$, The Retreat of the State: The Diffusion of Power in the World Economy, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Patnaik, P.(1995), "Nation State in the Era of Globalisation", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 30(33): 2049-2055.
- Garrett,G.(1998), "Global Markets and National Politics: Collision Course or Virtuous Circle?", *International Organisation*, 52(4): 787:824.
- ♣ Mann,M.(1997), "Has Globalisation Ended the Rise of the Nation-State?", Review of International Political Economy, 4(3): 472-496.
- ♣ Dreze, J. and S. Amartya (1995), *India: Economic Development and Social Opportunities*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Stiglitz, J. (2006), "Social Justice and Global Trade", Far Eastern Economic Review, 169 (2).
- # Huntington, S.(1993), "The Clash of Civilizations?", Foreign Affairs, 72(3): 22-49.
- Williams, M.(2007), Culture and Security: Symbolic Power and the Politics of International Security, London: Routledge.

Semester X Credits – 04

# **Regionalism in International Relations**

# **Objective**

This course is intended to discuss the origins, development, consolidation, and consequences of regional integration. It examines the concept and meaning of regionalism in various historical contexts, and the interplay of international and domestic forces that produces regionalist patterns. The course introduces to student the recent developments in regional integration such as Sub-regionalism and linkages between regional integration and national security.

## **Course Content**

#### Unit I

# Conceptualising a Region

Regions and Regionalism History of Regional Integration

# Regionalism to Regional Integration Theories of Regional Integration

Societal and Supra-nationalist Theories: Transactionalism and Neo-Functionalism State-Centric Theories: Inter governmentalism and Liberal Inter governmentalism Multi-level Governance/ Institutionalisms Constructivist Approaches/Evaluating Integration Theory Regional Security Complexest

# Regionalism and World Political Economy

Economics of Regionalism and Regional Organisations Trade, Development and Regional Cooperation - PTAs WTO and Regionalism

# **Unit II: Regional Organisations: Case Studies**

Europe – EU, CIS Americas – OAS, NAFTA, LAFTA Asia – GCC, SAARC, ASEAN, SCO Africa – OAU/AU Asia - Pacific – APEC Indian Ocean – IOR-ARC

# Regionalism and Sub-Regionalism

Emerging Trends in Regionalism - Subregional Co-operation Areas of Sub-regional cooperation - Trade, Energy, Environment and Security Regions within a Region and within a State

# Globalisation and Regionalism

The new wave of Regionalism Regionalism and Neo-liberalism

- Moravcsik, Andrew. "Negotiating the Single European Act: National Interests and Conventional
- ◆ Statecraft in the European Community," *International Organization* 45, no. 1 (Winter 1991): 9-56

- **\$\rightarrow\$** Buzan, Barry, Ole W\(\text{\text{\text{e}}}\) ever, Regions and Powers: The Structure of International Security (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2003)
- # Haas, Ernst B, Beyond the 1ation State (Stanford: Stanford University Press, 1964)
- # Haas, Ernst B., *The Uniting of Europe* (Stanford: Stanford University Press, 1958)
- Hass, Ernst B., "United Nations and Regionalism", in T twitchett, Kenneth. B., ed. *The Evolving United 1ations: Prospects for Peace?* (London:Europa, 1971), pp. 120-40
- Tsebelis, George and Geoffrey Garrett, "The Institutional Foundations of Intergovernmentalism and Supranationalism in the European Union," *International Organization* 55, no. 2 (Spring 2001): 357-90
- Haas, Ernst B. "The Challenges of Regionalism". *International Organization* (Cambridge
- University Press, University of Wisconsin Press and The MIT Press) 12 (No.4). (Autumn 1958).
- Fawcett, L.L.E. and. A. Hurrell, *Regionalism in World Politics: Regional Organization and International Order* (New York: Oxford University Press).
- Pugh, Michael and W.P.S. Sidhu, ed., *United 1ations and Regional Security: Europe and Beyond* (Boulder: Lynne Rienner, 2003)
- Taylor, Paul, *International Organisation in the Modern World: The Regional and the Global Process* (London: Pinter, 1993), Chapter 1, 2, 3.
- Taylor, Phillip, *Ion-State Actors in International Politics* (Boulder: Westview Press, 1984)
- Falk, Richard, "Regionalism and World Order after the Cold War", *Australian Journal of International Affairs*. Vol.49, no.1, 1995, pp.1-15
- Mattli, Walter *The Logic of Regional Integration: Europe and Beyond* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1999)

Ref: Syllabus, MA, International Relations, School of Global Studies, Sikkim University.

Semester X Credits – 04

# Negotiation, Diplomacy and International Conflict

Objective: This course aims for creating an understanding for the definition and nature of diplomacy in contemporary world affairs. It also focuses on the different diplomatic methods and forms of diplomacy in 21st century.

# **Course Content**

#### Unit I

# **Diplomacy**

- Definition and nature of diplomacy
- History of Diplomacy
- Diplomacy: As Management of Foreign Policy
- Diplomats: Power and Functions

# **Unit II**

# **Diplomatic methods**

- Arbitration and Mediation
- Negotiations
- Conferences
- Bilateral and Multilateral diplomacy

#### **Unit III**

# Diplomacy in 21st Century

- Humanitarian Diplomacy
- Environmental Diplomacy
- Economic Diplomacy
- The UN system and Multilateral Diplomacy
- Diplomacy in practice: Ping Pong Diplomacy, Shuttle Diplomacy, Track-I and Track-II Diplomacy, CBMs.

- Barston, R. P. (2006), *The changing nature of Diplomacy*, in Modern Diplomacy (Third Edition), Pearson Education Limited, pp.1-15.
- Barston, R. P. (2006), *Disaster and Emergency Diplomacy*, in Modern Diplomacy (Third Edition), Pearson Education Limited, pp.193-205.
- MacDonald, Kate & Stephen Woolcock (2007), Non-State Actors in Economic

Diplomacy" in The New Economic Diplomacy, Ashgate, Surrey, Burlington.

- Hamilton, Keith & Richard Langhorne (1995), *The Practice of Diplomacy, London*, pp. 48 49 and 52 53.
- Joseph S. Nye (2011), What is Power in Global Affairs?, in The Future of Power, Public Affairs, New York.
- Webster, C.K. (1950), The Congress of Vienna, London.

Source: International Studies and Multilateral Diplomacy, Switzerland.